THE BEAVER ARGUS.

Vol. 53—No. 6. Beaver, Pa., Wednesday, February 8, 1871. Established 1818

Is published every Wednesday in the old Argus Building on Third Street, Beaver, Pa., at $2 per year in advance.

Communications on subjects of local or general interest are respectfully solicited. To insure attention three of this kind must invariably be accompanied by the name of the author.

Letters and communications should be addressed to

J. WEYAND, Beaver, Pa.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements are inserted at the rate of $1.00 per square for first insertion, and for each subsequent insertion 50 cents. A liberal discount made on yearly advertisements.

A space equal to ten lines of this type measures a square.

Business Notices set under a head by themselves immediately after the local news, will be charged ten cents a line for each insertion.

Advertisements should be handed in before Monday noon to insure insertion in that week's paper.

Business Directory.

BEAVER.

JOHN MOORE, *Druggist and dealer in paints, oils, pure medical Wines and Liquors, Glassware, Lamps and Fancy Goods; Main st. Prescriptions carefully compounded.* sep28:ly

J. EVANS, Dealer in Groceries, Flour, Feed, Confectionery, Tobacco and Cigars. (sep28:ly

HENRY MERZ, Manufacturer and Dealer in Boots, Shoes and Gaiters; Main st. (sep28:ly

BEAVER DEPOT HOTEL, [illegible] Andrews, Proprietor. (sep28:ly

D. Druggist & Apothecary, No. 5 Prescriptions carefully compounded. (sep28:ly

S. ANDERSON, Dealer in the Improved Wilcox Shuttle Sewing Machines, Main st. See card in another column. sep28:ly

B. BEACOM Mrs. E. H., Dealer in Millinery Goods & Trimmings, cor 3d st. and Diamond. sep28:ly

JAMES MOORE, Grocery & Restaurant Choice Teas, Best Coffees, Tobacco and Cigars, Confectionery and Vegetables. Main st. sep28:ly

O. R. ASBURTZ, Dealer in Tinware, Stoves, Grates, &c. West end 3d st. sep28:ly

T. W. DEVERE, Insurance agent, Beaver, Pa. Call and test your property insured. oct5:ly

PITTSBURGH.

J. MORGANSTERN, Dealer in Boots & Shoes, No 86 Market St., Pittsburgh, Pa. [sep14:ly

GROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, opposite Post Office, Publishers of the "Real Estate Register," sent free. Pittsburgh. [sep14:ly

J. HENDERSON & BROS., Wholesale Druggists, 266 Liberty St. Pittsburgh. sep14:ly

J. D. RAMALEY'S, AT PARLOR, 28 fifth Avenue, (near Market St.) Pittsburgh. [sep14:ly

S. A. CLARKE & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 119 Wood St., Pittsburgh, Pa. [sep14:ly

JOSEPH HORNE & CO. 77 & 79 Market St., Pittsburgh—Importers and dealers in Notions, Trimmings, Hosiery, White Goods, &c. [sep14:ly

DEMMER & BROTHERS, French and American Confectioners, Dealers in nuts, fruits, &c. 124, 126, 130 Wood St. Pittsburgh. [sep14:ly

F. MOORE, Dealer in choice Teas, Coffees & Family Groceries. No 20 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. sep14:ly

JOHN HICKEY & SON, Dealers in the New Wood Family Sewing Machines. 116 Market Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. sep14:ly

OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO., Dealers in Carpets, Oil Cloths, &c. Special rates to Clergymen, 22 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh. [sep14:ly

F. Successor to J. M. Iron, Jr., Dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry & Silver ware. No 16 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh. [sep14:ly

W. LYONS, House and Sign Painter, Writer & Grainer. All order Show Cards for every business. No. 7 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. [sep14:ly

T. C. FULTON, Manufacturer of and Dealer in Furniture and Chairs, Rosewood, Walnut, Mahogany and Oak. 45 Smithfield st. [oct5:ly

SIGMUND GROTZ, Gunsmith. New work, of the best material, made to order. All work warranted. Repairing neatly done. Prices Low. Main St., Rochester, Pa. jan15:ly

NEW BRIGHTON.

GEO. F. SIEMON, Bakery & Confectionery, 11 R. R. street. Special attention given to wedding and ball cakes. [sep14:ly

C. & J. SNELLENBERG, Merchant Tailors.—Broadway, New Brighton. See adv [sep14:ly

A. M. WHISLER, Dentist. Broadway, New Brighton. [sep14:ly

H. NOSS, Photographer, Wilson's Block, Broadway. Best photographs from re-touched negatives. [sep14:ly

WINTER & BEDISON, Jewelers and Tobacconists, Broadway, N. Brighton. [sep14:ly

J. HORTTER, Groceries, Queensware, and Household Goods. Broadway. [sep14:ly

VAN PUGH, Dealer in Wall Paper, Window Blinds, Books, Stationery & Notions; Broadway, New Brighton, Pa. [sep14,ly

SCHIFF & STEINFELD, Dealers in Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, & Notions; Merchant Tailors & Clothiers, Broadway. oct12:ly

BEAVER FALLS.

WILLIAM ROBERTSON, Dealer in Improved Howe Sewing Machines. Main St., Beaver Falls. sep14:ly

MISS E. KING,—Dry Goods, Queensware and Millinery, corner of Main and Baker streets, Beaver Falls. sep14:ly

KENDALL & TANNEY, Artists & Fresco Painters, Fresco, House and Sign Painters, Main St., Beaver Falls. sep14:ly

A. FLEMING, Dealer in Boots and Shoes of every description, at low prices, and of a superior quality, Main St, Beaver Falls, Pa. jan18:ly

BRIDGEWATER.

JAMES PORTER, Tinner, Dealer in Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron ware, and Iron Cisterns Pumps, Bridge st, Bridgewater. (sep14:ly

C. BLATTNER, Manufacturer and Dealer in Boots and Shoes. Bridge St., Bridgewater, Pa. sep14:ly

A. C. HURST, Dry Goods, Hats, Caps, Furs, Carpets, Oil Cloths and Trimmings, Bridge St., Bridgewater, Pa. sep14:ly

T. DOHERTY, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, Bridge Street, Bridgewater. sep14:ly

J. HANAUER, Millinery, Trimmings & Notions, Bridge st., Bridgewater. sep14:ly

E. WEINMAN, Manufacturer of Boots and Shoes, Bridge St., Bridgewater. [sep14:ly

MRS. BRUNER, Grocer and Confectioner, and pressed, Water St. above Bridge. (sep14:ly

JOHN WOODRUFF, Marble Cutter; Monuments & Tombstones of all descriptions made to order, Br. Market and Water streets. (sep14:ly

J. STILES & CO. Groceries, Queensware, Window Glass, Flour, Feed & Country Produce, Dunlap's corner, Bridge St. Bridgewater. (sep14:ly

HIRAM MEANOR, Dealer in Monongahela & Coal. Orders left at J. B. Clark's, in Beaver, and at Smith's Drug Store, in Bridgewater, will be promptly attended to. Cash on delivery—Lowest price. Yard—McDonald's Point. sep28:ly

ROCHESTER.

WILL SMITH & CO., Fancy Dry Goods, Notions and Millinery. Madison st., near Diamond, Rochester, Pa. sep14:ly

HENRY LAPP, Manufacturer and Dealer in all Furniture of all kinds, Brighton st., along Plow Factory. See adv't. (sep14:ly

JOHN KARCHER, Baker and Confectioner.—Water st., Rochester, Pa. (sep14:ly

NOAHAM BOYD, Wagon & Carriage Maker, Railroad st., Rochester, Pa. (sep14:ly

SAMUEL C. HANNEN, Druggist. Prescriptions carefully compounded. Water st., Rochester. (sep14:ly

DR. J. R. WINANS, Electrical Physician; Chronic diseases made a specialty. Office, corner of Diamond and Bridge sts., Rochester. [sep14:ly

SPEYERER & SONS, Wholesale & Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Flour, Feed, Grain, Boat stores, Iron & Nails, Cor. Water & James sts.

G. FREDERICK, Baker and Confectioner.—Wedding Cakes and Ice Cream furnished promptly. On Diamond, Rochester. (sep14:ly

FOR SALE by A. SILVERMAN, Headquarters for Foreign & Domestic Dry Goods, Notions, Trimmings and Fancy Goods generally, Water street, Rochester, Pa. [sep14:ly

MILLER & CO., Contractors and Builders, and manufacturers of Sash, Doors, Blinds, &c. Deal in Lumber Lath &c. Rochester. [sep14:ly

SCOTT, BOYLE & WILLIAMS, Successors to C. Lakin & Co., Dealers in Sawed and Planed Lumber, Lath & Shingles, Rochester. sep14:ly

DOWER'S LIVERY STABLE & COAL YARD, between R. R. station and ohio river. oct14:ly

CHROPP CHAS., Manufacturer of and dealer in Tin Ware, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware. Roofing, Spouting, &c., attended to. N. York st. oct14:ly

STEPPLER & CLARK, proprietors of Johnston House, Good accommodations and good stabler. Near R. R. Depot. oct14:ly

D. MILLER, dealer in Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, &c. Repairing done neatly and promptly. Store on the Diamond, Rochester, Pa. oct14:ly

J. WALTER & BROTHER, Manufacturers of Wagons, Coaches, Buggies, Spring-wagons, Sulkies, &c. Blacksmithing and horse-shoeing done in the best manner. Rochester, Pa. no14:y

LIVERPOOL, O.

M. S. HILL, Druggist, Walnut st., near R. R. Prescriptions carefully and accurately compounded. feb13:ly

MISCELLANEOUS.

JOHN THORNLEY, Manufacturer of the Great Republic Cooking Stove, and Patentee of Portable extension tap and centre. Fallston, Pa.

ALBERT RUSSELL, Stoneware Manufacturer. All Orders promptly attended to. Vanport, Pa. Post office address—Beaver, Pa. [sep14:ly

HAVING Permanently located in the village of Zelienople, Pa., for the purpose of practicing Medicine, I respectfully tender my professional services to the citizens of said village and vicinity. Office, in residence, opposite Eagle Hotel, where I shall always be found, unless professionally engaged. All calls will receive immediate and prompt attention. A. V. CUNNINGHAM, M. D. sep28:ly

J. LINNENBRINK, Dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Periodicals and Stationery. Watches and Jewelry repaired. Agent for the "WEED" Sewing Machine, Rochester Pa. jy13:ly

J. H. McCREERY, ATTORNEY AT LAW. *Third Street, Beaver, Pa.* Office below the Court House, Beaver, Pa. jy27

BANKING-HOUSE. THOMAS M'CREERY & co.

THOS. M'CREERY, *Cashier.* J. P. DRAVO, J. B. ANGEL, J. H. M'CREERY.

Interest paid on time deposits; Prompt attention given to collections. Also, Insurance Agents for good and reliable Companies. [may18tf

J. S. McNUTT, M. D., Having permanently located in Beaver, would respectfully tender his professional services to the citizens of Beaver and surrounding country. Special attention paid to the treatment of female diseases. Surgery done with a skillful hand. Office on Third street, a few doors west of the Court House. sep28:1y6m

JAS. CAMERON, Attorney at Law Beaver, Pa. Office in the room formerly occupied by the late Judge Adams. Collections, &c., promptly attended to. sep28:ly

WILLIAM BARNES, dealer in Boots Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, &c., next door to Porter's Tin shop, Bridge street, Bridgewater Pa., where he is prepared to manufacture and sell everything in his line at reasonable rates. Having removed his place of business from the corner near the Bridge to his present location, he invites his old friends and patrons to give him a call. sep28:ly

Gold & Silver Watches.

IMPORTANT

TO EVERY ONE!

Holiday Greeting!

Grand Display OF

Christmas & Presents!!!!

Gents' Gold Watches.
Ladies' Gold Watches.
New Chains and Bracelets.
Necklaces and Lockets.
Fine Gold Jewelry.
Gold and Silver-Headed Canes.
Gold Spectacles & Eye-Glasses.

Sterling Silver - Ware;

[A Splendid Stock.]

Parian and Bronze - Ware

FANCY GOODS.

Prices Lower than Ever.

E. P. ROBERTS,

No. 16 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

All are invited to call, when in the city, and examine our Holiday Goods without feeling under any obligation to buy. Don't fail to come and see the Grand Display. oct5;1mcthdecfl

Miscellaneous.

Instant Relief For

The Asthma.

Having been afflicted with that terrible complaint—completely unfitting me for business for weeks at a time—for the last twelve years, and at last found a remedy that gives

Instant and Complete Relief,

have concluded to have it prepared for sale, so that others similarly afflicted can receive the benefit of it, assuring them that

It will do all, and more than all promised for it;

and, that persons once using, will never be without it.

As numerous others who have used it can testify.

Can be had at the Drug Store of WILLIAM H. BUECHLING, Rochester, Pa., or will be sent by mail to any address on receipt of one dollar, and ten cents to pay postage. CHAS. B. HURST, nov16,78:1y] Rochester, Beaver county, Pa.

WANTED!—A General Agent for Beaver county, for the Guardian Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York. Liberal inducements to the right man. For terms and circulars, address Smith, Roberts & Hollingshead, Managers, South-east corner 5th and Walnut streets, Philadelphia. [nov9;tf.

S. S. RANGER,

Bridge Street,

BRIDGEWATER, PA.

IS WEEKLY RECEIVING A FRESH SUPPLY OF GOODS IN EACH OF THE FOLLOWING DEPARTMENTS:

DRY GOODS.

Steubenville Jeans,
Cassimeres and Sattinets,
White Woollen blankets,
White and Colored and Barrel Flannels,
Merinos,
Delaines,
Plaids,
Ginghams,
Coberge,
Lawns,
Water Proofs,
Chinchilla,
Cloths,
Woollen Shawls

Brown and Black Muslins,
Drillings, Tickings,
Prints,
Canton
Flannels,
Jeconets,
Table Linen,
Irish Linen,
Crash,
Counterpanes,
Hosiery,
Gloves
& Mits.

Groceries,

Coffee, Teas, Sugar, Molasses, White Silver Drips, Golden and Common Syrups, Mackerel in barrels and kits, Star and Adamantine Candles, Soap, Spices and Mince Meat. Also, SALT.

Hardware, Nails, Glass,

Door Locks, Door Latches, Hinges, Screws, Table Cutlery, Table and Tea Spoons, Sleigh Bells, Coal Boxes, Fire Shovels and Pokers, Nails and Glass, Spades, Shovels, 2, 3, and 4 Tine Forks, Rakes, Scythes and Snaths, Barn and Grain Hoes.

WOODENWARE.

Buckets, Tubs, Churns, Butter Prints and Ladles

CARBON OIL,

Linseed Oil & White Lead.

Boots and Shoes

LADIES' MISSES' AND CHILDRENS' SHOES, in great variety.

Rifle Powder and Shot,

Blasting Powde and Fuse.

Flour Feed & Queensware.

All heavy goods delivered free of charge.

By close attention to business, and by keeping constantly on hand a well assorted stock of goods of all the different kinds usually kept in a country store, the undersigned hopes in the future as in the past to merit and receive a liberal share of the public patronage.

B. S. RANGER.

dec28'68:ly.—lytchgd.

Iron City College!

The Most Complete Business College in the United States,

Affording facilities for acquiring a thorough, practical business education, possessed by no other School in the country

Since its incorporation in 1855, nearly Sixteen Thousand Students, representatives from every State in the Union, have attended here.

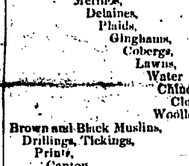
No vacations. Students enter at any time, and receive private instruction throughout the entire course.

N. B.—Circulars with full particulars and all necessary information, on addressing

SMITH & COWLEY, Principals, Pittsburgh, Pa.

jan18:ly.

Dentistry.



Dr. J. Murray, of Bridgewater, is determined that no Dentist in the State shall do work better or cheaper than he offers it to his patrons. He uses the best materials manufactured in the United States. Gold and silver filling performed in a style that defies competition. Satisfaction guaranteed in all operations, or the money returned. Give him a trial. feb8:ly

Brighton Paper Mills,

BEAVER FALLS, PENN'A.

PRINTING,

MANILLA,

ROOFING, BAILING,

Hardware, Glass, Straw.

RAG AND CARPET

PAPERS.

MANUFACTURED

AND SOLD AT

Wholesale & Retail by

Frazier, Metzger & Co.,

82 Third Avenue,

PITTSBURGH.

Rags taken in exchange. [sep18;'69;tf

Railroads.

RAILROADS.

PITTS., FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWAY. On and after Dec'r, 4th, 1870, trains will leave Stations daily, (Sundays excepted) as follows:—[Train leaving Chicago at 8.35, P. M., leaves daily.] [Train leaving Pittsburgh at 3.35 P. M., leaves daily.]

TRAINS GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	EXP's.	MAIL.	MAIL.	EXP's
Pittsburgh	12.35A	4.05AM	7.10AM	2.30PM
Rochester	2.18	5.30PM	8.40	4.28
Beaver	2.45	5.55	9.05	
Allianee	3.55	7.05	11.45	7.00
Canton				
Massillon				
Orrville	6.54	9.45	1.32P.M.	9.33
Wooster				
Mansfield	8.05	6.53	2.23	10.53
Crestline { A	9.35	7.25	3.05	11.40
Crestline { D	10.05	7.45	3.35A.M.	12.10
Bucyrus				
Upper Sandusky				
Forest	11.37	9.20	7.33	12.55A.M.
Lima	1.25P.M.	11.10	9.05	2.33
Van Wert				
Fort Wayne	3.30	1.35A.M.	1.45	5.50
Columbia				
Warsaw				
Plymouth	4.50	3.37	3.25P.M.	6.40
Valparaiso				
Chicago	7.30	7.00	6.55	9.00

TRAINS GOING EAST.

STATIONS.	EXP's.	EXP's.	MAIL.	EXP's
Chicago	9.00AM	5.15PM	5.30AM	9.00PM
Valparaiso				
Plymouth	12.03PM	8.05	8.50	12.18AM
Warsaw				
Columbia				
Fort Wayne	2.25	1.45	1.50P.M.	3.30
Van Wert				
Lima	4.05	3.25AM	3.25	5.00
Forest	5.08	3.43	4.03	6.07
Upper Sandusky				
Bucyrus				
Crestline { A	6.30	4.30	6.20	8.05
Crestline { D	6.50	4.50	6.30A.M.	8.25
Mansfield	7.17	5.06	6.49	10.05
Wooster				
Orrville	9.05	6.54	9.15	11.55
Massillon				
Canton				
Alliance	10.15	8.50	11.20	1.30P.M.
Salem				
Rochester	1.35A.M.	1.10	2.35P.M.	3.27
Pittsburgh	2.55	2.10P.M.	3.45	4.40

Youngstown, New Castle and Erie Express leaves Youngstown at 2.20 p. m; New Castle, 3.00 p.m; arrives at Pittsburgh, 5.30 p. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh 7.00 a. m; arr. at New Castle 10.45 a. m. Youngstown, 12.01 a. m.

Youngstown, New Castle and Pittsburgh Accommodation leaves Youngstown, 6.45 a. m; New Castle, 7.30 a. m; arrives at Allegheny, 10.10 a. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh, 2.00 p. m; arrives New Castle, 4.45 p. m.

P. M. MYERS,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH RAILROAD. On and after May 29th 1870, trains will leave Stations daily (Sundays excepted) as follows.

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	EXP's.	ACCOM.	
Cleveland	8.40AM	12.15PM	3.0PM	
Euclid Street				
Hudson	9.55	1.25	5.10	
Ravenna	10.30	1.55	5.40	
Alliance	11.10	2.35	6.20	
Bayard	12.20PM	3.25		
Wellaville	1.35	4.40		

GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	EXP's.	ACCOM.
Wellaville	9.00AM	5.30PM	
Bayard	10.35	6.28	
Alliance	11.45	7.15	7.35A.M.
Ravenna	12.20PM	7.50	8.15
Hudson	12.53	8.34	8.55
Euclid Street			
Cleveland	2.10	9.15	10.10

GOING EAST.

STATIONS.	ACCOM.	MAIL.	EXP's	ACCOM
Sollair	7.45AM		2.45PM	4.15PM
Bridgeport	8.30		3.10	4.20
Steubenville	9.00		3.45	5.05
Wellsville	9.15	1.55PM	4.0	5.30
Smith's Ferry				
Beaver				
Rochester	9.25	2.55	5.40	
Pittsburgh	10.25	4.00	6.45	

GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	EXP's.	ACCOM.	ACCOM
Pittsburgh	6.25AM	3.10PM	4.25PM	
Rochester	7.35	4.10	5.37	
Beaver				
Smith's Ferry				
Wellsville	8.55	5.30	7.0	7.25AM
Steubenville	9.55	6.30		8.15
Bridgeport	10.05	6.38		8.15
Bellair	11.15	7.35	8.40	8.30

TUSCARAWAS BRANCH.

Leaves	
N. Philadelphia, 6.40 a. m.	Bayard, 9.45, a.m.
Bayard, 2.10 a.m.	N. Philadelphia, 3.0 p.m

P. M. MYERS, General Ticket Agent.

Miscellaneous.

J. MOORE

DRUGGIST,

Prescriptions Carefully and Accurately Compounded.

THE BEST BRANDS OF ASSORTED

Medicinal

WINES AND LIQUORS;

Paints, Oils,

AND

DYE STUFFS:

ANILINE DYES OF ALL COLORS;

GLASS & PUTTY;

Special attention given to secure the best quality of Lamps and Lamp Trimmings, Lanterns &c.

A Large Assortment of

TOILET ARTICLES, SOAPS,

BRUSHES &

PATENT MEDICINES,

Main Street, Beaver Pa. [Dec'r, '70tf.

THE CELEBRATED IMPROVED

GERARD

OROIDE GOLD WATCHE,

$12, $15, $20, $25.

DURING the past four or five years our Watches have been so thoroughly tested, that for appearance, style of finish, and accuracy of time-keeping, the "Gerard Watches" are universally acceded to be the best. They retain their brilliancy and color until worn out.

☞ If after purchasing and fairly trying, any one is not fully satisfied, we will cheerfully refund the money.

☞ They are all in Hunting Cases. Gentlemen's and Ladies' sizes. Every Watch guaranteed for time and wear, by special certificate.

☞ A large assortment "Improved Oroide" Chains, $2 to $8. Also, Gentlemen's and Ladies' Jewelry in great variety.

☞ Beware of imitations. Order direct from us or our authorized agents. Agents and others applying for circulars will please enclose three cent stamp for postage.

☞ Goods sent to be **paid for on delivery. Customers permitted to examine what they order (before paying bills,)** on payment of Express charges both ways.

☞ When SIX Watches are ordered at once, we will send an extra Watch (of same kind) free.

☞ Purchasers residing at some distance from Express offices, and desiring to save time and expenses, can have the goods sent by mail, by remitting (with the order) the amount required by P. O. Money order, registered letter, draft, or check, payable to our order, at our risk. Address plainly,

JAMES GERARD & CO.,
P. O. Box 3,991, New York,
nov23;3m.) 85 Nassau Street

PIMPLES.

The undersigned will cheerfully mail (free) to all who wish it, the Recipe and full directions for preparing and using a simple and beautifully Vegetable Balm, that will immediately remove Tan, Freckles, Pimples, Blotches, and all eruptions and impurities of the skin, leaving the same soft, clear smooth and beautiful.

He will also send (free) instructions for producing, by very simple means, a luxuriant growth of hair on a bald head or smooth face.

The above can be obtained by return mail, by addressing THOS. CHAPMAN, Chemist, nov4;3m. 193 Broadway, New York.

Miscellaneous.

OVER 400 PAGES OF

READING-MATTER FOR ONE DOLLAR!

The American Stock Journal,

A large Handsomely Illustrated Monthly, containing 32 to 40 large Double Column Pages, filled with *original* matter from the *ablest* writers in the country, on the various subjects connected with

FARMING,
STOCK BREEDING,
WOOL GROWING,
DAIRYING,
POULTRY KEEPING, &c.

Bound in handsomely tinted cover. It has

A Veterinary Department

under the charge of one of the ablest Professors in the United States, who answers through the JOURNAL, *free of charge*, all questions relating to Sick, Injured or Diseased Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine or Poultry. This makes it a very valuable work for reference, and an almost indispensable companion to all interested in STOCK-BREEDING. The low price at which it is published ($1.00 a year) brings it within the reach of all, while the

Splendid Inducements offered to Agents and Premiums to Subscribers

make it to the interest of every Farmer and Stock Breeder to extend its circulation.

Send Stamp for Specimen Copy, large *Illustrated Show Bill & Premium List.* Get up a Club and obtain one of the many valuable Premiums offered, consisting of Chester White, Berkshire, Suffolk, Magie and Essex Pigs, Short-Horn, Alderney, Ayrshire and Devon Calves, Southdown, Cotswold and Merino Sheep, Cashmere Goats, Pure-Bred Poultry, Norway Oats, Seeds, Agricultural Implements, Pianos, Watches, Silver Ware, Books, &c., &c. Specimen Copies sent free. Address,

N. P. BOYER & CO., Publishers,
nov23;3t] Parkesburg, Chester Co., Pa.

NEW - GOODS

AT

A. W. ERWIN & CO'S

AT EXCEEDINGLY LOW PRICES

Wholesale and Retail,

AT

A. W. ERWIN & CO.'S,

128 Federal St., Allegheny.

Sep28,tc

PATENTED DECEMBER 7TH, 1869.

OUR CELEBRATED

GOLDEN FOUNTAIN PEN.

Resembles gold. Acknowledged by all who have used it to be the best Pen made or sold in this country. Will not wear, scratch or spatter. Writes with one dip of ink! Will not wear a dozen gold pens. Will write 12 hours with one filling. Two sizes, fine and coarse. Sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of $2.50. Every pen warranted. Agents wanted everywhere. Sample pen and terms to agents sent on receipt of 50 cents. Address, GOLDEN FOUNTAIN PEN CO., 58 Nassau st., New York. P. O. Box 5,643.

AGENTS WANTED.

CAUTION.—The great popularity of these Pens has led to many imitations of inferior quality. Purchasers will please see that the name of the Company is on the Pen, and the Trade Mark on the Box. Dealers and Agents are cautioned against buying or selling any counterfeits. Persons are realized to prosecute to the full extent of the law, any infringements upon the rights of this Company. Beware of Agents who offer Pens, Town, County, and State Rights, Territory, and Patents with each Pen.

jan28:1y

Toys, Toys, TOYS!

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Tin, Lead and China Toys,
Box Toys, all kinds,
China and Patent Head Dolls,
Wax Crying Dolls,
Hobby Horses, Wagons, Chairs,
Work Boxes, Writing Desks, &c.
Also a complete stock of Fancy Goods suitable for the Holiday trade.

☞ *No marked up prices* ☜

O'Leary & Singleton,

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BARGAINS

The Beaver Argus

J. WETAND, Editor and Proprietor.

Beaver, Pa., Feb. 8th, 1871.

GOLD closed in New York on Monday at 112.

AT an election held in one of the legislative districts in Philadelphia, last week for the seat in the General Assembly made vacant by the death of Mr. Campbell (Dem.) a few weeks ago. G. H. Griffiths (Rep.) was elected over Dilmore (Dem.) by a majority of 456.

THE memorial of Mrs. Woodhull and others, asking that Congress pass a resolution declaring that the Fourteenth and Fifteenth amendments to the Constitution *gives to women* the right to vote, was disposed of last week. Judge Bingham, from the House Judiciary Committee, made an elaborate report, accompanied by the following resolution:

Resolved, That the prayer of the petitioners be not granted, that the memorial be laid on the table, and that the Committee on the Judiciary be discharged from the further consideration of the subject.

A NEW social question has been raised in England by the action of one of the leading banking firms of London in refusing to allow its clerks to marry until their income amounts to £150 per annum. The reason urged for this course is, that the necessities of large families induce the clerks to dishonesty. The clerks are naturally indignant, as are also the newspapers, which have taken up the cudgel for them. The women's *rights advocates of this country have* lately taken to discussing the question of marriage and the sexual relation with a freedom and liberality in the use of terms which does credit to their progress. Here is a question which calls for their consideration. Have men any rights, and are they to be respected? The journals that are breaking the way for future generations must answer.

THE remarks of the Cincinnati *Enquirer* upon the death of Ex-Governor Lumpkin, of Georgia, who was a member of Congress as far back as 1815, have suggested the question to the press: Who is the oldest surviving member of that body? The names of Governor Enos T. Throop, of New York, and George Robertson, of Kentucky, have been proposed. They were in Congress as early as Governor Lumpkin. But it appears James Thatcher, of Bangor, Maine, is deserving of the distinction above alluded to. *He was elected to the House* of Representatives from Massachusetts in 1802, and held his place until 1805. Nearly seventy years have passed since he was in public life. He was born before the Declaration of Independence, is the oldest graduate of Harvard College, and is now in his ninety-fifth year.

IN order to burlesque the foolish hostility to Chinaman on the Pacific coast, a Mr. Henderstrott, of the Oregon Legislature, a couple of weeks ago, introduced the following bill:

Be it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Oregon:

SECTION 1. No Chinaman shall be allowed to die in this State until he has paid $10 for a new pair of boots with which to kick the bucket.

SEC. 2. Any Chinaman dying under this act shall be buried six feet under ground.

SEC. 3. Any Chinaman who attempts to dig up another Chinaman's bones shall first procure a license from the Secretary of State, for which he shall pay $4.

SEC. 4. Any dead Chinaman who attempts to dig up his own bones, without giving due notice to the Secretary of State, shall be fined $100.

SEC. 5. Any Chinaman who shall be born without bones, for the purpose of willfully and feloniously evading the provisions of this act, shall be fined $500.

WHILE General Grant's *administration*, thus far, may have been at *fault in some minor matters*, which have elicited sharp comments from his own party press, it is nevertheless very apparent, that the people generally, are satisfied with his management of public affairs. Were it otherwise, the Republican politicians of the country, would have had, ere this, a *candidate* in training for the succession. No movement of this character has been set on foot; but on the other hand, it seems that many of the prominent men in our party are already declaring themselves in favor of General Grant's renomination, and not a few of them are connecting themselves with clubs to bring this about. It is very probable, therefore, that General Grant will receive the next Republican *nomination for President, with little* or no opposition.

COL. MCFARLAND, on Thursday, sent *to the Governor his resignation* as Superintendent of Soldiers' Orphans' Schools. In accepting it, Governor Geary pays a high compliment to the retiring officer for the faithfulness and efficiency with which he uniformly discharged the onerous duties of the office. Now that this gentleman has retired from the public service, it is to be hoped that he will no longer be made the subject for attack by those whose names would be greatly honored by even the *least of his acts* in the service of *the nation* and the State. The name of Hon. J. P. Wickersham has been sent into the Senate as the nominee for the vacancy. Mr. Wickersham is Superintendent of Common Schools, which office he will continue to hold, should he be confirmed as Superintendent of Soldiers' Orphans' Schools. The Senate has not yet acted on the nomination.—*Harrisburg State Journal Feb. 5.*

VIRTUE in theatrical ladies we have always regarded with a supreme reverence. Not that it is so uncommon as some people suppose; *on the* contrary, we believe actresses as a class to be as good as their neighbors who chatter ignorantly and foolishly about them. But perhaps they may sometimes go a little too far in defense of their reputations. Thus at Pine Bluff, Ark., the fair Miss Virginia Dee heard that one Mr. Austin had said that "she winked at him." All the virgin *was* at once aroused in her palpitating bosom. Seeking the slanderous Austin, pistol in hand, she put to him the stern question: "Did you say that I winked at you?" "Yes, I did say that," responded the trembling man. "Apologize or die!" cried the Thespian Amazon. And he apologized, *in writing. But as he did this*, as one may say, under duress, the question whether the young woman "winked" or not remains unsolved.

THERE is little news from the seat of war in Europe.—Tuesday morning's papers, report no change in the situation. A majority of the French people, with Favre at *their head seem* anxious to arrange terms of peace during the armistice, while the minority, with Gambetta *for their leader*, desire to continue the fight. A report is in circulation in London that Bismarck is partially insane. This rumor must be taken with many grains of allowance. The Imperialists in Paris are clearly in the ascendency, and it is therefore quite probable that *the* "French Republic" will soon be a thing of the past.

THE Senate special committee on outrages, now investigating matters in North Carolina, have determined to subpœna prominent Democrats from that State in order to hear their story, the committee's object being not to foster or irritate political animosities, but to discover, if possible, the method of pacification and security and justice. The committee will probably recommend the passage of such laws as shall seem necessary to accomplish this object.

FINANCIALLY considered, Gen. Grant's Administration has thus far been a decided success. The National debt is constantly growing less, and taxation is gradually being reduced. As a result of this reduction of taxation, a large number of deputy assessors have recently been mustered out, their services being no longer required. Now let the President go a step further, and consolidate the Revenue districts, muster out one half of the Assessors and Collectors, and thus make a curtailment in the public expenses, that will be appreciated and acknowledged by even his political opponents. The pretence set up that the work could not be done in sparsely settled and extensive country districts if the force were reduced is only the special pleading of political demagogues, who desire to retain their personal followers in office. As a political movement, aside from any other considerations whatever, the Administration would gain more by dispensing with all supernumerary officers, than it would by retaining them in place even though every one of them was a zealous laborer for his party's success.

IN the statement of the facts elicited by the West Point House Military committee, in regard to the expulsion of three cadets, just made public, the details are materially the same as is already generally known. Three victims of the outrage, corresponding in all important particulars with the members of the first class, were engaged in the affair. Cadet Grant, son of the President, appears to have been one of the leaders. These victims, on their return to the Academy, instead of receiving the sympathy and support of the officers of the institution, were urged to resign at once, and were easily induced in their state of alarm to sign their resignations, which were endorsed by the commanding officers, with a recommendation for their acceptance, without the usual reference to parents. The Military Committee were to hear the report of the sub-Committee on Monday last, and decide what action to recommend to the House. There seems to be but one opinion on the subject among members of Congress, and that is that the conduct of the academic officers should be censured, and such punishment inflicted upon the offending class as will insure the Academy against any future introduction of mob law among the cadets.

THE Yo-Semite Valley in California, is now regarded as the fairest portion of our whole country. But little concerning it was known until two or three years ago. Since then, however, it has been visited by artists and public men, and its wondrous beauty portrayed with the tongue, the pen and the brush. Seven years ago, a Mr. Hutchings, a gentleman of culture, but limited means, left the haunts of civilization in the East and made his way, with his family, to the Yo-Semite. To get there he was obliged to make a bridle path down the precipice into the valley, built a house, transported furniture and provisions fifty miles on the backs of mules, opened a trade but comfortable hotel, and by his writings in the magazines and newspapers made the grandeur and beauty of the valley known to the world. The land was unsurveyed, and Mr. Hutchings could not, therefore, secure a title to a homestead of 160 acres under the law, and before a survey was made the United States presented the Yo-Semite to the State of California, disregarding the rights of Mr. Hutchings, and one other settler, who subsequently settled in the valley. The State has appointed Commissioners to manage the valley, and *they have informed* Mr. Hutchings that he has no rights there, and no claim by which he can hold his farm, gardens, hotel, dwelling, and other improvements, on which he has bestowed seven years' labor. He came to Congress for relief last session, and the Public Lands Committee reported a bill giving him a patent to his homestead, but it was defeated, because some one suggested that he might establish a beer garden in the Valley. Mr. Hutchings is at Washington again this session, and making another effort to have his title to his homestead perfected by appropriate legislation. Why Congress should hesitate to do so is a matter of surprise to us. If his seven years' residence there, and all he has done to attract attention to the Yo-Semite Valley, does not procure him the fee in his 160 acres of land, we think Congress should at a very early day repeal its own Homestead Act. Probably some M. C., is anxious himself to squat on the tract here referred to. Who knows?

THE Harrisburg journals—of both parties—have been denouncing the reform papers of the State in unmeasured terms for the past year or two, because of the latter's desire to bring about a reformatory change in the publication of the Legislative *Record &c.* The Pittsburgh *Commercial*, the *Argus* and a number of other newspapers have insisted that the *Record* was a swindle, and its publication only intended to benefit the Harrisburg publisher's. This, the Harrisburghers denied, and argued that the *Record* was a public necessity, and was published as economically as the circumstances would permit. During the present session however, the Capital newspapers have somehow or other fallen out, and they are just now telling secrets about the public printing which disprove their previous assertions and corroborate everything heretofore alleged by the reform papers. It is the old story over again: "when rogues fall out honest men get their dues."

HERE AND THERE.

—A bridegroom at Terre Haute, Ind., broke off his engagement while the minister was preparing for the ceremony, because he happened to glance into the Bible, and found the bride was sixteen years older than the bill of sale called for. He said he didn't intend to marry any old people if he could help it.

—A Troy man said he liked to see dimples in the cheeks of a woman, so he tried to put some dimples in his wife's cheek with a paving stone, and just for that the citizens want to lynch him. Things have come to a fine pass if a man cannot make an improvement in his wife's looks if he wants to. Alas! we are gradually losing our liberties.

—Miss Jessie D. Anthony of Boston has developed financial abilities of the first order. The moneyless lady addressed a great number of letters to various parties, requesting the gift of the insignificant sum of ten cents. "You will not feel it," observed Jessie substantially, "but what a blessing it will be to me!" Further to stimulate generosity, and produce a copious shower of scrip, Miss Anthony promised to bestow one half of the whole sum which she might receive upon the person who should give the first "ten." Alas! these benevolent and ingenious speculations have come to grief, the Police having most heartlessly interfered.

—*The Bloomfield* (Ind.) *Tribune* records the feats of a ram which runs wild in the woods of that neighborhood. Never was sylvan beast transmogrified into something so tigerish and strange. Recently this ram drove home a cow, but just before the poor creature had reached the barn-yard, Sir Ram charged upon her, killed her instantly; and then the felon beast made for the woods again. He has also killed "a fine three year old steer and some other cattle." This is evidently a Rebel ram worthy of being sunk upon the shortest notice or no notice at all. Probably when he has killed a few more cattle the inhabitants will turn out for a campaign against him.

—Nineteen-twentieths of the depositors during the past year in the Salem Savings Bank, one of the oldest in Massachusetts, belong to the laboring classes, including unmarried females employed in family service, and who are evidently encouraged thus to invest of their earnings by their employers. Factory operatives are largely included, while the bank has deposits from more than one hundred associations of a charitable character, such as Masons, Odd Fellows, seamen's widow and orphan associations, Sons of Temperance, and the like. One-Fifth of the receipts for money are signed with a cross.

—We read of a gay deceiver of the lager-drinking variety in Philadelphia. He bears the Teutonic name of K. W. Plitzch. He goes to the balls consecrated to Gambrinus; he drinks a gallon or two of the harmless fluid; then he picks out the prettiest of the waiter girls; he makes love to her, he goes to lead her to the altar; he [illegible] a $100 bill to keep; and then [illegible] of her, he disappears, [illegible] into infinite space, *after the usual manner of such* enterprising gentlemen. But the $100 bill turns out to be very bogus. The false imbiber, however, didn't fade far enough; for the Police have him in custody, and retribution is at hand.

—*The sagacious have discovered a use for our noble territorial acquisition of Alaska. It is proposed to* turn it into a penal colony! To what base uses may we come at last! Here according to some of our most eminent statesmen, is an Earthly Paradise, producing immense quantities of the choicest vegetables, and *with a climate in comparison with* which Italian meteorological delicacies are hyperborean! And this beautiful land it is proposed to stock with convicts! Why, the very salt of the earth might delight to dwell there, and the lovely region would be a little too good even for them. *We object to this contemplated in*justice to honest folk who may wish to go to Alaska—if there are any.

—The San Francisco *Alta California* tells this incident: "It is related of a young son of Uriah Brown, that, *failing to receive the assistance of the* Democratic Governor of Oregon in an application for a naval cadetship, he went boldly on to Washington to seek it for himself. He was but a boy, and a son of a fierce apostle of Democracy; but he had a boy's undaunted hope and courage, and ardently desired to enter the navy of his country. He penetrated the awful presence of the Executive of the United States and told his story. He was recommended by the Oregon and California Senators, irrespective of party, and his expenses were paid by similar *friends* at home; best of all, he got his commission from the President, and as cadet at large, enters the Naval Academy."

—There is a dwelling house and farm located in North Greenwich, Conn., which was purchased by Benjamine Mead in 1723—one hundred and forty years ago—and has continued in the Mead family from the original proprietor until the present time. The present incumbent, Deacon Obadiah Mead, now in the 85th year of his age, and still in excellent health has been an eye-witness to seven generations in the same dwelling, which was erected in 1793. Mr. Mead having a perfect recollection of his great-grandparent, and was then twelve years of age. Two years ago he was visited by his great-grandchildren. Last fall he made them a visit at Middletown, Conn. Mr. Mead has never changed his location, has been a freeman in Greenwich sixty-two years, has been absent from the polls but three times, going to and from the place of voting twelve miles, making 720 miles of travel to deposit his ballot, besides attending town-meetings. Twenty-two different governors have presided over the State during this time. He has lived under the administration of all the Presidents, from Washington to Grant, and was quartermaster of the Ninth Regiment of Militia in the war of 1812, serving under three different colonels, and has been an officer in the church more than forty years.

This is a most remarkable case and if another can be found we should like to be informed of it.—*Stamford Advocate.*

Forty-First Congress.

SECOND SESSION.

SENATE, Jan. 30.—A bill was introduced and referred declaring that any one who shall sell or give to any civil, military or naval officer of the Government, intoxicating liquors to be used as a beverage, shall be deemed guilty of crime against the peace of society, and on conviction thereof shall be punished by fine and imprisonment. Also, providing that employees or officers of the Government who shall continue to use intoxicating liquors, or shall become at all intoxicated, shall be summarily dismissed, and shall not be reinstated for two years. The bill extending the benefits of the Soldiers' National Asylums to the Soldiers of 1812 and of the Mexican War, was reported favorably by the Military Committee. The Committee reported adversely on the bill for the Sale of the Pittsburgh Arsenal.

HOUSE.—The business transacted in the House was mostly of an unimportant nature. Several notices of bills to be presented in future, were made; subsidies to railroads and other miscellaneous matters occupied the time until adjournment.

SENATE, Jan. 31.—The House having returned to the Senate, the bill repealing the income tax, a debate ensued on the question of privilege, as to whether or not the case came under that article of the Constitution which makes the House the sole originator of all revenue matters. An interesting debate followed, and a committee of conference was appointed. Resolutions of sympathy for the suffering poor of France were laid over till to-morrow. The House bill suspending the Chorpenning claim was referred; also a bill to establish Ocean mail steamship service. The House bill relative to drawbacks on duties was reported. The Senate debated the Georgia Senatorial Question, and without disposing of the subject, at 3:50 P. M., went into executive session and soon after adjourned.

HOUSE.—Resolutions of the Michigan Legislature were presented relative to the improvement of the Harbor and ship canal at Monroe, Michigan. A bill was passed authorizing the Secretary of the Navy—after consultation with the Attorney General—to institute proceedings at Law, or otherwise, to obtain full damages and indemnification for the destruction and loss of the sloops of war Oneida, in the bay of Yeddo, Japan, by collision with the Steamship Bombay. The bill reported by the Ways and Means Committee, to extend the bounty land system to soldiers and sailors of the late War and their widows and orphans was called up and discussed. It was was objected against the bill that it was cunningly devised to give the public *lands to capitalists* without any practical benefit to those for whom it was ostensibly framed; if passed, it would absorb 4,257,000,000 acres, or nearly one half the public lands. On the other hand, it was said the soldiers would not be swindled out of their land; they had saved the country from treason, and he was glad they were capable of taking care of 160 acres of wild western land. The bill required soldiers to enter land, and then gave him one year in which if he pleased he could assign that right, the inchoate title which he had in the land to some one who wished to go west and locate on that land, and if he did not, it reverted to government. The bill could not operate for the benefit of land speculators, because it required actual settlement. He believed that the soldiers would be satisfied with the bill, and that the country would be satisfied. At the request of some debates amendments were rejected, and the bill passed with but two dissenting votes. The bill provides that all honorably discharged soldiers and sailors who served in the late rebellion for ninety days, or their widows or orphan children, can acquire homesteads on public lands of the United States; or, if discharged on account of wounds received for disability incurred in line duty, then the term of enlistment shall be deducted from the time heretofore required to perfect title. In case of the death of any person who would be entitled to a homestead under the provisions of the first section of this act, his widow, if unmarried, or in case of her death or marriage, then the miner orphan children shall be entitled to all the benefits enumerated in the act: provided that if such person died during the term of enlistment shall be deducted from the time heretofore required to perfect the title. Every private soldier and every seaman, marine and officer who served ninety days, and is now inscribed on the pension rolls, is now entitled to the benefit of the act. A committee of conference was appointed to determine the question as to the right of the Senate to originate a bill to repeal the income tax. Adjourned.

SENATE, Feb. 1.—The women of New England have remostrated against female Suffrage, "because it would impose upon them upon them burdens properly belonging to the sterner sex." After the introduction of Sundry bills and resolutions, of no general interest, the case of the Georgia contested election seat was brought up, discussed, and awarded to Joshua Hill. Nothing else of importance took place till adjournment.

HOUSE.—The New England female remonstrance against suffrage was presented. A bill for the relief of purchasers of land sold for direct taxes in Insurrectionary States was passed. The bill prescribing the oath of office to be taken by persons who participated in the late rebellion, but who are not disqualified from holding office by the 14 Amendment to the constitution of the United States, was taken up and opposed by Mr. Long colored member from Georgia, who made his maiden speech in the House on that question, declaring the men whom the bill would relieve were leaders, were members of the Ku-Klux; that since the rebellion more than five hundred loyal men had been murdered in Georgia by that klan, and not one of them had been brought to justice. The bill was debated at great length, and with the indulgence of much personality among members; it finally passed. A bill for an additional Assistant Attorney General, passed. A number of unimportant bills also passed. Adjourned.

SENATE, Feb. 2.—The resolution of sympathy with the people of France, came up for discussion, and excited some eminent upon its grammatical construction from Mr. Saulsbury, who pronounced it bad english. The Vice President declared debate on the subject out of order; thus the motion to reconsider it was lost, Mr. Saulsbury alone voting for it. Some discussion was had on a bill to subsidize a steam-ship line in the Gulf of Mexico; but without definite action the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—A bill to facilitate the collection of judgments in favor of the United States, giving United States Judges and Commissioner the right to examine persons against whom such unsatisfied judgements are rendered, in regard to the property, and to order the disposition of such property was reported. The Judiciary Committee, reported a bill in reference to the United States District and Circuit Courts in Indiana. Passed. Also giving the assent of Congress to the application for five hundred thousand acres of school land in Oregon to the support of common schools. Passed. Also a bill providing that the act of June 17, 1862, defining additional causes for challenging and prescribing the oath for grand and petit jurors of the United States Courts, shall apply only to petit jurors, in cases where the United States is a party in name or interest. Passed. A bill to provide for the collecting of debts due from Southern railroad corporations, authorizing the Secretary of War to compromise, adjust and settle suits on such terms as to amount and time of payment as may be just and equitable, and was calculated to protect the interests of the Government. Passed. A bill authorizing the issue of duplicate bonds of the United States under certain conditions, in lieu of bonds lost or destroyed. Passed. After some further deliberation on matters of no general interest, the House adjourned.

SENATE, Feb. 3.—The usual routine of presenting bills and resolutions took place; after which on motion, the Ocean Steamship Subsidy bill was postponed for the consideration of the House bill granting pensions to soldiers and sailors of the wars of 1812, and the Mexican; which, after considerable discussion, was amended and passed. Adjourned.

HOUSE.—The Senate bill to create an additional land district in California, was passed. The House at half past one went into Committee of the whole, Mr. Cox in the chair, on the naval appropriation bill. Total amount appropriated by the bill, $19,333,117. The debate in the committee went through the usual range, touching the coast survey, League Island and the New London navy yard, secretaries to naval officers, &c. Without disposing of the bill, the committee rose. On motion of Mr. Banks, the Senate concurrent resolution for the relief of sufferers by the war of Europe, was taken from the Speaker's table and passed. A resolution calling on the Secretary of War to furnish a report of the examination and survey of the James River and Kanawha canal, made under authority of the act of July, 1870. Adopted. The House, at a quarter past four o'clock, adjourned.

THE COOLIE SHIP DISASTER.

Additional Particulars.

The meagre though awful facts of the destruction of the coolie ship Unicowah, in the China seas by fire, together with over four hundred of her coolie passengers, appeared in our columns some two or three weeks since. Our latest foreign files contain fuller details of the terrible catastrophe. The Uncowah was on the passage from Macao (which she left Oct. 13) to Callao, with 536 coolies, who mutinied and set fire to the ship. The captain and crew arrived at Anjier in the San Salvadorian ship Fray Bentos, and a portion of the coolies in the British ship Juanpore. The Uncowah was under command of Capt. Guiseppe Rosleana, an Italian whose account is in effect as follows:

"After having sailed a couple of days with a fair wind the Coolies began to grumble. Several of them circulated letters among the Coolies, urging them to rise and make themselves masters of the vessel. On the morning of the 21st of October the Coolies were, as usual, let on deck to refresh themselves. After having been sometime on deck they were ordered to go below, but refused to obey. The Coolies persisted in their refusal and the crew endeavoring to force them to go below, and a fight ensued between them. The sailors were provided with weapons, but the Chinese armed themselves with pieces of iron and wood, and laid about with these so effectively that the steward and carpenter were killed and several sailors wounded.

After a struggle lasting half an hour the Chinese were driven to the hold, and seeing that there was little hope of obtaining command of the vessel by force, broke everything below and set fire to the ship. The crew, perceiving this, became panic-stricken, got out a boat and made away so hastily that the captain, who was left behind, was obliged to jump overboard and swim after the boat, which picked him up. They pulled steadily for five days, during which time they were without food, when they reached the Great Natunas Island. They remained four days on the Island after which they were taken off by the San Salvadorian ship Fray Bentos, Captain Mota, and taken to Anjier, where they arrived on the 9th of November.

Subsequently the British ship Juanpore approached the burning vessel, and when within a few miles picked up one of the unfortunate ship's boats, manned by twenty-five Chinamen and a Greek sailor. The Captain of the Juanpore says:

"At 2 A. M. I reached the burning ship and hove to about a mile distant and manned the gig and proceeded in the direction of the ship; but as the water was strewed with bodies in all directions, floating on fragments of the wreck, I stopped to pick up as many as possible, returning twice to the ship to discharge our living cargo. Finding that we had now sixty Chinese on board, I proceeded direct for the burning ship in hopes of rescuing some of the crew, but did not find any traces of them. After surveying the vessel round, I deemed it prudent to return on board and wait till daylight.

At five A. M., I started again for the burning ship, which was now nearly burned to the water's edge, and reaching her, commenced to rescue as many as possible, which was attended with considerable toil and danger, as there was a heavy swell running, and the Chinese, seeing deliverance approaching, became frantic, plunging into the water from all sides, surrounding us and laying hold of the gunwales of the boats, which compelled us to make free use of the oars to prevent too quick approach, otherwise the boats would have been upset. At ten A. M. I despatched Mr. Barlow, officer in charge of the gig and pinnace, with instructions to fill both boats and return as quick as possible to the ship. On his return I mustered all hands, and finding that we had 112 men on board, decided that no more could be done. At 11 A. M. I filled away to the south, passing dead bodies, various articles of wreck and fragments of cabin furniture, fully twenty miles from the wreck."

The captain of the Juanpore says he is informed that five days after leaving Macao the coolies made an attempt to capture the ship, but did not succeed, whereupon about one hundred of them were put in irons. The ringleader of the mutiny and the man who set fire to the ship were put in irons on board the Juanpore. The Greek is suspected of having been in collusion with the mutineers.

The Pride of Ancestry.

What a silly boast it is to boast of our ancestry when we reflect that, choice or noble as it may be, it has become very much diluted before descending very far. A writer who seems to have had the curiosity, as he has the time, says that every human being on the face of the globe is compelled, by the demand of nature, *to have* two parents, four grandparents, eight great grandparents, sixteen *ancestors in the fourth* generation back, thirty-two in the fifth, two hundred and fifty-six in the eighth, thirty-two thousand seven hundred and eighty-six in the fifteenth, almost a million and fifty thousand in the twentieth, and nearly one thousand and seventy-three millions in the thirtieth. The whole number of one's ancestors in the fiftieth generation is 5,362,794,914,214,046, a multitude which no man can number and no mind conceive. The blood of this vast host is running through the veins of every mortal on earth and that reckoning back only fifty generations.

—An organization of "advanced" women has been formed in Washington and New York, which has taken the euphonious name of the "Cosmopolitical" party, and issued circulars for a convention, to be held in October next, to nominate a candidate for the Presidency. Victoria C. Woodhull is the candidate for President, subject to the action of this Convention.

WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENCE.

Washington Life—The Grand Carnival—Selling Arms—A Penal Statute for Congressmen.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 2d, 1871.

Hotels, boarding houses and fashionable Restaurants of Washington are now truly in a flourishing condition. The prospects of the 42nd Congress meeting on the 4th of March and remaining with us until May, has given an impetus to all kinds of business here, and strangers are more numerous, therefore than they would otherwise be.

The sessions for public meetings, lectures, balls, sociables, receptions, and other entertainments is now at full tide. All the fashionable resorts for wine suppers, are thronged with both sexes, through the entire day and into the small hours of the night at which time the gentlemen (and sometimes the ladies also) becoming, through the inspiring effects of the sparkling Vinis, obliterous to the orthodox idea of things, make speeches, *give toasts sing songs.* Such is life in Washington, so demoralizing, yet so fascinating that those who venture to visit it once, are, in one respect, like widows—ready and anxious to do so again.

The people here are all aglow with the fair prospects of witnessing on the 20th and 21st of February, in this city, one of the grandest displays of fine horses and carriages ever exhibited in this or any other country. The committee of arrangements, consisting of the foremost men of the resident citizens of the District of Columbia, has now completed arrangements with principal railroads of the country for a reduction of the fares for the occasion, and it is expected that thousands from the different parts of the country will avail themselves of this opportunity—Congress being in session and the President holding public receptions, add greatly to the desirability of visiting Washington at this time.

Twenty-five thousand dollars have been subscribed by the citizens for defraying the expenses of the affair. The decoration and the Illumination of the Avenue, including the grand arch over the Avenue alone, costs $6000. Ten thousand chinese lanterns will be used, besides a large number of electric and calcium lights, gas, and fireworks, to illuminate.

An erroneous impression in relation to the sale of Arms by the Government has occasioned much uneasiness and some dissatisfaction among the friends here of this class of both the Prussians and the French, which I think requires some explanation. The facts are, that the Government found itself in possession of a vast quantity of Arms for which it had no use, and which it was not, in consequence of new improvements, desirable to retain for any future emergency. Both the Prussian and French Governments made application to purchase these arms, but our Government refused to sell to either, or to any agent of either Government. The Arms were, however, advertised and sold—all bids from French or other Governments being rejected and the arms awarded on the bids of private parties.

These parties doubtless have sold to both the French and Prussian governments, as they had an undoubted legal right to do. Both Prussia and England did the same in our war for the suppression of the rebellion. And further, all governments admit the right of their citizens to deal with belligerents at their own risk, and, of course, until the law and usage of nations shall be changed, that right must be accorded citizens of the United States, and it supplies no ground of complaint against any nationality or any administration.

Since Senator Trumbull's unlucky Civil Service bill has attracted so much attention, it may not be improper for your correspondent to reflect the opinion of those of Washington, who feel to know a thing or two in the matter. This bill proposes to inflict severe penalties on members of Congress and Senators who shall so far forget their dignity as to write a word of commendation in favor of their worthy and unworthy constituents. It may be a very bad thing to say a good word in favor of a worthy man, and a very disagreeable duty to withhold such words from those who are unworthy, but somehow the peoplearne not of this way of thinking, and Congressmen will hardly get credit for such pretentious purity. Again, if Congressmen are to be punished for speaking well of their constituents, what shall be done with constituents who speak well of Congressmen? It does seem that such a statute would be a harsh breaking up of a mutual admiration society, which has long existed, but which must necessarily perish when the admiration shall, by the penal code, be limited to one side.

Cannot Congressmen trust themselves in a matter so plain and simple? Have they lost confidence in their own judgement, or are they too tender hearted to say no, and too dignified to say yes? They have not so been considered, and yet, they ought to understand their own weaknesses best. Is it a crime in a citizen to desire a public office? If so, what punishment should be awarded Senators and Representatives who scramble for their high places? Has Congress nothing better or more important to do, than to lay state limits to the aspirations of the people or provide penalties against its own members for extending to the people they represent, the courtesy of a truthful recommendation? Now if Congressmen, who every two years are directly accountable to the people, may not say whether any one or more of their constituents is worthy, who may say it? It is apparent that the appointing power cannot know everybody—all over this broad land—and it is, therefore, a question whether recommendations shall be made by responsible, or irresponsible persons. Nothing is clearer to the careful observer than that to withhold the privilege of recommendation from Senators and Representatives of and responsibility to the people, is to transfer that power to a set of cormorants in the shape of office-brokers, who would immediately block up the way to the executive Departments. But few of the men throughout the country appointed to office, are or ever will be when appointed, personally known to the appointing power, and it remains to be decided whether the intervening agencies shall be, as they now are, responsible to the people, or self appointed and accountable to no body. The fact is, no greater curse could come upon the country, than would be the withdrawal of the Representative responsibility in the matter of appointments, and the consequent transfer of that responsibility either to a self appointed horde of office solicitors, or a small board of commissioners having no direct responsibility to the people. For the principle long since adopted of equalizing Govt. patronage among the several States would be broken up, and the Heads of the different Departments at liberty, at once to supply their respective department with persons exclusively from their own State, thereby in effect, delegating to those States favored with a Cabinet officer, a controling federal power over the balance of their sister States. So far as the Departments at Washington are concerned now, Congressmen only recommend as to moral character and political standing; they do not fix the standard, of qualifications, that is done by an examining board, and so thoroughly done that rejections are of common occurrence, the recommendation of the Congressmen to the contrary, notwithstanding. And from the day the present administration came into power, the standard of qualification has been such that very few incompetents have secured places.

As to local officers in the respective districts the Congressmen is obliged to exercise the utmost caution as to qualifications and take especial care to satisfy the popular judgement of the locality; and this is so well understood that, in rare instances in which they have failed in either particular, they have been called to account by the people and made to give way to others who would exercise more care and better judgement. The people have a direct interest in holding on to the law and the practice as they are, and should be cautious of yielding to the clamor of a bakers dozen of restless and dissatisfied politicians who see the power to control gradually passing from their hands.

Whatever may be wrong now, is subject to popular correction, and if a Congressmen fails in duty or judgment, turn him out and put in a better man; but reflect fully before you establish a permanent irresponsible board or a corps of office solicitors, and endow them with the official patronage of the nation. CHIEL.

G. A. R.

Annual Encampment at Allentown, Pa.—Election of Officers.

The annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, Department of Pennsylvania, was held in the Opera House, at Allentown, on Wednesday and Thursday of last week, delegates and invited guests from all parts of the State being present.

The reports of the commander and his staff, read and favorably acted upon by the Council of Administration, showed a healthy condition of the order, with a good treasury and increased membership. Commander Calhoun presided and made a stirring address, urging continued effort till the Grand Army of the Republic embraced every honorably discharged soldier, sailor and marine, without regard to politics.

Gen. Chas. Albright, junior commander, Gen. John F. Hartranft, Gen. Lemuel Todd, Gen. J. T. Owen, Gen. Bodine, Col. Bean, Col. Beeder, Col. Corson and other distinguished gentlemen addressed the convention in congratulation, and were heartily applauded. The proceedings were very harmonious.

A grand banquet was given the delegates and invited guests by the comrades of Yeager Post No. 13, of Allentown.

The following officers have been elected for the ensuing year:

Commander—A. R. Calhoun, Post 15, Philadelphia.

Jr. Vice Commander—J. H. Reeder, Post 129, Easton.

Jr. Vice Commander—C. S. Haven, Post 117, Pittsburgh.

Medical Director—J. W. De Witt, Post 2, Philadelphia.

Chaplain—Rev. Thomas P. Hunt, Post 97, Wilkesbarre.

Council of Administration—Geo. W. Grant, Post 16, Reading; Charles S. Green, Post 2 Philadelphia; Lane S. Hart, Post 56, Harrisburg; C. B. Harms, Post 129, Easton, W. G. Harms, Post 71, Philadelphia.

Representative at Large—John F. Hartranft, Post 11, Norristown.

Representatives—Robert L. Bodine, Post 2, Philadelphia; Joshua T. Owen, Post 2, Philadelphia; Frank Reeder, Post 129, Easton; Robert B. Beath, Post 23, Potisville; W. J. Smyth, Post 19, Philadelphia.

Col. R. B. Heath, of Pottsville retains the position of Chief of Staff, which he has filled so ably for three years.

The convention adjourned to meet at Erie, Pa., on the fourth of July next.

LOVE AND WAR.

In October, 1869, a young man in Paris conceived the idea of establishing a bank for loans in San Francisco. With the intention of examining into the practicability of such a project, he at once came to this country with his betrothed, Laura Hallier, a beautiful lady, 23 years of age, and her mother, whose age was 50. They spent the winter in San Francisco, surrounded themselves with a large circle of friends. The father of Miss Hallier remained in Paris, intending, after disposing of his property, to join his future son-in-law in San Francisco. Investigation convinced the young man that the successful carrying out of his designs would require more money than he and Mr. Hallier could possibly bring together. He therefore wrote to his friends in Paris, stating his situation and received in reply the assurance that he could receive from them all the money he desired, provided circumstances continued favorable to a loan. He decided then to return to Paris, leaving his betrothed and her mother in San Francisco, with the understanding that on his return his marriage should take place. Upon his arrival in Paris the war had broken out, and the banker who held the young man's property had failed. He thus found himself penniless, with no possibility of returning to those he loved, and subject at any time to be drafted into the service of France. Writing to San Francisco he explained his sad situation, and said that rather than be drafted he would enter the army as a volunteer. Accordingly he enlisted and went at once to the front, and nothing has been heard of him since the terrible battle of Sedan. Not long after this Mr. Hallier wrote to his wife and daughter, telling them his utter inability to assist them in any way, as his entire property, at Chateau Dun, had been burned down and he was left utterly destitute. Nothing further has been heard from him, except a brief note written on a scrap of paper, and sent by balloon post, in which he said they would not know him, so emicated had he become through famine and trouble. Going then to the French Consul at San Francisco, Miss Hallier told her sad story, and through his influence obtained a singing at the French Fair in that city. Her sweet singing and mournful story moved several prominent gentlemen to get up a concert, to furnish her with the means to come to New York City. Arriving here she sang by request of her countrymen, at the Fair, and received much attention. She is at present arranging to give two concerts in this city, hoping by them to obtain the means of returning with her mother to Paris, there to comfort and support her afflicted father.—*New York Tribune Jan. 31.*

The Mexican National Drink.

Recent Mexican advices proclaim the prospective advance of a new foe to the temperance cause. "Have we a Bourbon among us?" may cease to be a question of interest to the thirsty. The Mexican national drink, known as *pulque*, has been the subject of a felicitous invention for which the Mexican Government has issued a patent, whereby that liquor is preserved "pure, of an exquisite taste and agreeable smell, and fit for conveyance to any part of the world"—*from* which it may fairly be inferred that the juice of the American aloe is a very different luxury from that of those East Indian aloes that are known to us principally in purgative pills. It is not safe to predict the effect of Gulf-Bitters on bilious Yankee temperaments; but national drinks produce national results. The heavy solidity of our English cousin is not unfrequently attributed to their ale, the drowsy metaphysics of Germany to her beer; the first French revolution was ascribed to *eau de vie*; the madness that commenced the present war to absinthe. Pray heaven that our patriotic citizens may not imbibe revolutionary tendencies with tropical toddies, or pour forth *pronunciamentos* on the strength of patent pulque punches.

—The trial of Representative Butler, of Tennessee, for forgery, has terminated at Washington. After a number of witnesses had been examined the Judge said there was not the slightest foundation for the prosecution, and the jury rendered a verdict of not guilty.

—The money lost by the last Central Pacific Railroad robbery at Alto Station, is stated at $8,000 in gold.

Mr. Rutan, of the Senate has sent us the following bills which are now pending in the Legislature:

A SUPPLEMENT to the act to consolidate, revise and amend the penal laws of the Commonwealth.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same*, That if any person or persons shall wilfully injure, destroy or remove any fence, railing or other work for the protection or ornament of any cemetery, graveyard or enclosure therein appropriated to, and used for the interment of human beings in this Commonwealth, or shall wilfully open any tomb, vault or grave within the same and slanderously remove any body or bodies in the ground or shall wilfully destroy any tree or shrubbery growing in such cemetery or graveyard, or shall destroy, mutilate, deface, injure or remove any tomb, monument, gravestone or other structure placed in any such cemetery or gra

The Beaver Argus.

Beaver, Pa., Feb. 8th, 1871.

Circulation Over Twelve Hundred.

Rates of Advertising.

TIME.	1w.	2w.	3m.	6m.	1 year
1 square—10 lines,	$3 00	$5 00	$5 00	$7 00	$10 00
2 squares, do	5 00	8 00	7 00	10 00	15 00
3 squares, do	6 00	6 00	9 00	12 00	18 00
4 squares, do	6 00	8 00	10 50	15 00	21 00
¼ column,	8 00	11 00	15 00	20 00	30 00
½ column,	11 00	15 00	20 00	30 00	50 00
1 column,	20 00	30 00	38 00	60 00	100 00

Administrators' and Executors' Notices.....$3 00

special notices per line, ten cents.

Payments to be made Quarterly, except for transient advertisements, which must be paid in advance.

GEO. P. ROWELL, 40 Park Row, N. York, AND

S. M. PETTENGILL & Co., 37 Park Row, New York, are the sole agents for THE BEAVER ARGUS in that city, and are authorized to contract for inserting advertisements for us at our lowest cash rates. Advertisers in that city are requested to call at their offices when they favor us with either of the above houses.

State of the Thermometer for the week ending February 4, 1871.

	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
Jan. 29	31 deg.	35 deg.	37 deg
" 30	30 deg.	43 deg.	36 deg
" 31	30 deg.	50 deg.	36 deg
Feb. 1	30 deg.	39 deg.	31 deg
" 2	28 deg.	36 deg.	23 deg
" 3	27 deg.	37 deg.	24 deg
" 4	19 deg.	43 deg.	19 deg

H. T. TAYLOR.

TIME TABLE.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R.—Trains going East leave Beaver Station as follows: Morning Accom'n 9.17; Mail, 3.47 p. m.; Evening Express, 5.30; Local Freight (carries passengers) 3.21 p. m.

Trains going West leave Beaver Station as follows: Mail, 7.43 a. m.; Local Freight (carrying passengers) 10.05 a. m.; Accommodation, 5.17 p. m.

Pitt. Ft. W. & C. R. R.—Trains going East leave Rochester Station (at end of bridge) as follows: Beaver Falls Accom. 8.05 a. m.; Enon accom. 7.10 p. m.; New Castle accom. 8.30 a. m.; B. Falls accom. 12.10 p. m.

Trains going West leave Rochester Station, (at end of bridge) as follows: B. F. accom. 10 a. m.; Enon accom. 5.15 p. m.; Erie night express 5.45 p. m.; B. F. accom. 7.30 p. m.

Trains going East leave Rochester (Upper) Depot as follows: B. F. accom; 6.05 a. m.; Enon accom. 7.15 a. m.; New Castle accom. 8.40 a. m.; Chicago exp. 10.53 a. m.; Beaver Falls accom. 12.15 p. m.; Chicago Mail 3.05 p. m; Erie exp. 4 10 p. m; Chicago exp. 8.04 p. m; Erie mail 9.55 p. m.

Trains going West leave Rochester (Upper) Depot as follows: Chicago mail 8.15 a. m.; Erie exp. 9.25 a. m; Beaver Falls accom. 9.55 a. m.; Chicago exp. 11.30 a. m.; Chicago exp. 3.55 p. m; New Castle accom. 4.30 p. m.; Erie exp. 5.43 p. m; Beaver Falls accom. 7.30

The attention of the public is directed to the following New Advertisements which appear for the first time in the ARGUS's to-day:

Notice—Co. Commissioners.
Public Sale—S. B. Wilson, Executor.
To Teachers—D. L. Imbrie.
Wanted Agents—J. R. Foster & Co.
Wanted—J. R. Foster & Co.
Notice—Scott, Boyle & Williams.
Special Notice—H. H. Mills.
Receipts & Expenditures—Co. Com's.
Poor House Account. W. Shroads.
Special Notice—Dr. R. V. Pierce.
Special Notice—Dr. Keyser.
Special Notice—W. B. Dalston.

We trust our readers will not forget that the next of the series of lectures under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association, will be delivered in the M. E. Church of this place on next Thursday evening. Mr. Hopkins of Pittsburgh will deliver it.

Horse Stolen.—A few nights ago Mr. Good Mead, of Rochester, had a valuable horse stolen from his stable, in that place. Neither horse or thief had been overtaken at last accounts.

NOISELESS AND BOOTLESS.—Read without fail Geer & Cady's advertisement in another column, and write them at Marshall, Michigan. jan11;1y.

J. V. Brown's store in Canonsburg was broken open and entered by burglars last week, but they only got about eight dollars for their labor.

Golden Fountain Pen.—Something new and novel. Be sure and read the advertisement in our paper headed "Greatest Invention of the Age." We believe the Golden Fountain Pen is unsurpassed. A good pen is a necessity to every man, woman and child. Agents here is a chance to make money in introducing a good and saleable article. -ly.

The Somerset *Herald* says: A gang of one hundred and fifty bridge builders have been busily engaged, for the past few weeks, in erecting bridges along the line of the railroad, in the southern part of this county. They have already put up bridges across the mouth of the Blue Lick, Will's Creek, and are now at work on the Cox's Creek, or Mineral Point bridge. This bridge has 150 feet span and will take ten days to complete it. They will then build the Middle Creek and confluent bridge.

☞ Blank Warrants to Collectors of School Tax neatly printed, and for sale at this office.

Printing Material Sold.—On Tuesday of last week, in accordance with previous notice given by the constable of Beaver borough, the material of the *Local* office was put up at public auction. The bidding on some portions of the material was a little spirited. S. B. Wilson, Esq. purchased the cases, and E. P. Kuhn, Esq. had the type knocked down to him. The proceeds of the sale amounted to about $100.00 dollars. The sale was made to satisfy the claim of the owner of the building for rent due him.

VALENTINES of all the different kinds suitable for everybody, at B. Mulhorn's in Bridgewater. -2w

☞ $1,000 Reward is offered by the proprietor or Dr. Pierce's Alt. Ext. or Golden Medical Discovery, for a medicine that will equal it in the cure of all severe lingering Coughs, Liver Complaint or Biliousness, and all diseases arising from impurity of the blood, as Eruptions, Pimples, Blotches and Boils. Sold by all druggists. Pamphlet sent free. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

List of letters remaining in the Beaver Post Office, February 1st, 1871:

Mr. Francis Barnes.	Mr. J. William Lewis.
Rallo G. Babo.	Miss Mary Ellen Moore.
Mr. Eli Bellsbery.	Rev. H. S. Morton.
Miss Izzie Carlton.	Mr. Jesse Morrison.
Mr. Casper Cobbs.	Lewis Nulton.
Mr. Elizabeth Evente.	John J. Maderid, (care
Charles Fox.	Robert Fox.)
Andrew J. Gleason.	Onstott & Rambo.
Wangewich.	W. J. Potter, esq.
Mr. Mary Garno.	C. Sealy.
Mr James Harper.	William Thomas.
	M. A. McGAFFICK, P. M.

NEW BRIGHTON LADIES' SEMINARY.—The Spring Session—13 weeks—will begin on Tuesday, March 14. Besides the ordinary classes in the English and Scientific Departments, there will be a Normal Class, with special instruction and Lectures. The advantages for the study and practice of Instrumental and Vocal Music are superior. Young men, preparing to teach, or fitting for College, are admitted as day scholars. Young ladies wishing to engage rooms, or to obtain a Circular, may address the Principal. N. R. JOHNSTON.

feb13w

Military Appointments.—The following named gentlemen have been nominated and confirmed as Major Generals of the militia of Pennsylvania: John F. Hartranft, of Montgomery county; Thomas J. Jordan, of Dauphin; Harry White, of Indiana; H. S. Huidekoper, of Crawford; James L. Selfridge, of Northampton; Thos. L. Kane, of Elk; Josua K. Siegfried, of Schuylkill; T. F. Gallagher, of Westmoreland; and Jas. A. Beaver, of Centre.

Ground-Hog Day.—Last Thursday was ground-hog day. The forenoon was clear, the afternoon not. The saying is, that his hogship always crawls from his hole on the second day of February, and if he sees his shadow, he retires to his ranch again, and will not leave it for six weeks, thus telling us as plainly as he possibly can to look out for wintry weather for that period of time at least. As his shadow evidently came athwart his vision on last Thursday, we may reasonably conclude that more fuel, hay, &c., should be laid in at once. A few loads of coal, on subscription, wanted at this office, immediately.

Unclaimed letters in the Post Office at Rochester, Pa., February 1st, 1871:

D. S. B. Brown,	John Fletcher,
F. S. Boswell,	Thomas Gehr,
Milton Cook,	Ruth E. Johnston,
Lizzie Campbell,	Miss Mary Kennedy (2.)
Mrs. James Campbell,	James McKendry (2.)
Cyrus Conlter,	Charles Rapp,
Lizzie Freeman,	F. W. Sandowy,
Mrs. A. Freeman,	George Welker,
	T. M. TAYLOR, P. M.

TEN ACRES OF LAND FOR SALE.—Ten acres of good land adjoining the borough of Beaver is offered for sale, at a moderate price. The lot is enclosed with a board fence. For particulars inquire at the ARGUS office. jan18;tf

Industrial.—Within twenty-two miles along the Erie and Pittsburgh Railroad, including New Castle and Sharpsville, there are twenty-four large furnaces and six large rolling mills. These furnaces, yielding but twenty-five tons per day each, would amount to the handsome pile of six hundred tons per day; thus we can form some adequate conception of what the manufacturing interests of Pennsylvania would be, if properly protected by good wholesome tariff laws.

Masonic Hall Dedication.—On last Thursday the new Masonic Hall, at Smith's Ferry, was formally dedicated. Jesse Smith, Esq., of the "Western House" at that place, entertained the strangers in attendance, and provided them with a sumptous dinner. The order is said to be in a flourishing condition. The acting officers in the dedication ceremonies, were B. H. Henderson, R. W. G. M., and S. B. Wilson, D. D. G. M.

Mr. S. Matthews of Washington county narrowly escaped death last week when he was thrown from a wild young horse he was riding and his head hit a stone cutting the scalp, but it is believed not seriously injuring him.

A Thieving Eagle.—The Washington *Examiner* says that a bald headed eagle is creating a sensation in that county. Tuesday evening of last week he swooped upon and grappled a lamb, belonging to Thomas Taylor, stopping with his innocent victim for a brace of minutes upon the top of the barn, and then flying away with it in the direction of a distant wood. The next morning a son of Mr. Taylor, providing himself with a gun, proceeded to the wood, and discovered the monarch of birds perched upon a high limb, but was unable to approach sufficiently near to obtain an effective shot. A few days previously to his operations as a sheep dealer, he entered the porcine trade, and carried off three pigs belonging to Wm. B. M'Nay, of the same township. He has committed other depredations in the same neighborhood, but we did not learn particulars. He is represented as being very large, and the incidents above mentioned clearly show that he has considerable power. His success as a robber has justly alarmed farmers in that vicinity.

BANK STOCK WANTED.—Any person having a few shares of stock in the National Bank of Beaver county for sale, can find a purchaser by inquiring at the ARGUS office. feb1;tf

W. B. DALSTON, successor to J. H. Bence, Quay's building, 3d street, Beaver, Pa. Having purchased the entire stock of trade of Mr. J. H. Bence consisting of Dry Goods, Millinery Goods, Trimmings, Furs, Notions, &c., &c., I am prepared to offer them at such figures as will assure a speedy *Clearance Sale*, in order to make room for a large and assorted stock of *Spring Goods*, and would respectfully invite the friends of the old firm and the public to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere. Mrs. Dalston will superintend the ladies' department. feb8;4w

Kenwood Station.—New Brighton it seems, has become sufficiently important in the eyes of the P., F. W., & C. R. W. Co., to warrant the establishment of an additional station within its limits. The new station in the upper part of the town, corner of Harmony and Railroad streets, was opened on Thursday morning, Mrs. Jennie C. Robinson, of Beaver, being the ticket agent. All accommodation and mail trains will stop there—but no express trains at present. The new station will be known as "Kenwood."—*Beaver Valley Herald.*

According to the Brookville *Republican* oil has been struck at Lawsonham, five miles from Red Bank.

Closing of the Public School.—On next Thursday, the Public School of this place closes its session for the year. We learn that declamations, recitations, dialogues &c., will form a part of the closing exercises on Thursday. Parents should be in attendance on that day, if possible. The teachers for the term were Prof. Curtiss in No. 4; Mrs. Marquis No. 3; Miss Anderson No. 2; Miss Boulk No. 1.

CURE OF CONSUMPTION.—The cure of a disease of a consumptive kind necessarily prompts a doubt in the mind, as most people have been taught to believe it of an incurable nature, and as long as this is believed to be the case people will be loth to doing anything for its relief, rather trusting to the merciful doings of nature than to bad doctoring. Dr. Keyser reports two well marked cases of pulmonary diseases, one on Liberty street, and the other in Manchester, both these persons, if applied to, will substantiate the facts in a way so forcible as to put all doubt out of the question; yet with all this, people daily yield up their lives to the fell destroyer, accounting themselves vanquished at the first approach of the disease. What we say to persons of a consumptive habit, or with the disease fastened on their system, is that it costs but a trifle to try *Dr. Keyser's Lung Cure*, which will convince more than columns of advertising. The Doctor makes the medicine, and if you wish, can examine your lungs from top to bottom and accurately point out their unhealthy places. He may be seen from 9 a. m. until 1 p. m., at his new office, 167 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. $1.50 per bottle. If your druggist does not keep it, send five dollars to Dr. Keyser, and he will send four bottles securely boxed, by express, with full directions how to use it.

Petty Thieving.—On last Thursday night, during the absence of Rev. Jas. M. Shields, of Beaver, some graceless scamps or scamps, broke open his cellar and stole from it a cask of meat and a lot of canned fruit. He has no clue yet as to who committed the theft. His loss amounts to some twelve or fifteen dollars.

CHANGE OF FIRM.—J. H. Bence, Dry Goods, Millinery, Furs, Notions, &c., Merchant, Quay's block, Beaver, has disposed of his entire stock of goods, fixtures, &c., to Mr. W. B. Dalston, who will continue the business in the same manner as conducted by Mr. Bence.—Mr. Dalston is a reliable experienced business man, and will doubtless do a large business at Mr. Bence's former stand. Mrs. Dalston has had many years experience in the business, in New York City and will attend the ladies' department here. The new firm intend opening out with a fine stock of Millinery, Fancy Goods, Dry Goods, &c., and respectfully solicit the patronage of Mr. Bence's former customers, and the public generally. Give them a call. feb8;4w.

A Colored Man Killed.—On last Saturday a colored man, whose name we have not learned, but who has been in the employ of Mr. Powers, of the Rochester Livery Stable for some years, was accidentally killed by a car running over him. The deceased was a very trusty man, and greatly respected by those who knew him.

Happy may those be held who die in their beds and escape the awful and wonderful deaths which befall many of our fellow creatures, who like "those upon whom the tower of Siloam fell," are no worse than their neighbors. We read that lately at Siemen's steel works, near Swansea, a red hot steel ingot, weighing twelve hundred weight, fell upon an old man named David Lewis, seventy-four years of age, and settled across his head and neck. It was removed after great difficulty, when portions of the flesh and hair from the old man's head were found adhering to the heated iron. He expired half an hour after the shocking casualty.

A new idea for statuary has been given to the world. Every now and then we hear of bodies that have been committed to the mother earth, so many years ago, coming again to light petrified. The last case is that of Mrs. Nancy Biggs, of Milford county, Ohio, who was buried fifteen years ago. She was lately dug up for the purpose of removal, and was found to have partially turned to stone. When buried she weighed one hundred and eighty pounds, when exhumed about seven hundred. Now, says some genius, why not mark these petrifying localities, and plant dead heroes, statesmen, divines, or others, whose forms we wish to transmit to posterity, in appropriate attitudes, and let them petrify. Then dig them up and set them up, saving the cost of stone cutting, and adding to the meritorious deeds of the statue's lifetime the last, of "sculping" himself.

The Benninghoff Robbery—Again.—The trial of Louis Waoldo and Charles Miller as parties to the famous Benninghoff robbery,—the first as a principal in the crime and the second as an accessory before the fact—came off last week in Venango county and excited great interest, a large audience being present during the entire trial.

Two or three years ago Jacob Shoppert, with Waoldo and Miller, were arrested for the robbery, but through some means a nol pros. was entered in behalf of Waoldo and Miller, and they were used as witnesses at that time, for the prosecution, and Shoppert only was tried, and found guilty, and sentenced to the penitentiary. After having served his term of imprisonment he came back, and proceedings were instituted against Waoldo and Miller. Last week these parties were tried at Franklin. The suit occupied the court over two days. On Friday, after the evidence had been closed, and while the counsel were addressing the jury, it was rumored in the court room that one of the defendants had left without awaiting the result. Inquiry was made and it proved correct, for Louis Waoldo was not to be found. The telegraph and other means were brought into requisition, and in a few hours the prisoner was again in custody, having been captured in Meadville. The jury, after an absence of about six hours, returned with a verdict of guilty as to George Miller. The court ordered the jury to be taken back to their room and left together until Waoldo should be brought into court. On Saturday morning Waoldo was brought in, when the jury came in with a verdict of guilty as to Miller as he stood indicted, and guilty as to Waoldo on the third count in the indictment, viz: of being an accessory before the fact.

The case was ably conducted for the prosecution by J. W. Lee, Esq., and District Attorney Myers, and for the defense by Capt. C. E. Taylor and C. R. Marsh, Esq.

A motion was made by defendant's counsel for arrest of judgment, argued by Taylor and Marsh for defendants and S. B. Myers, Esq., for plaintiff, but was refused by the court, when Waoldo was sentenced to the penitentiary for five years and one month; and Miller was sent to the penitentiary for one year and one month.

GREAT EXCITEMENT IN NEW BRIGHTON.—H. H. Mills has 280 Prize Packages, each one containing a prize, and one of them a receipt in full for his entire stock of Gents' Furnishing Goods, Tobacco, Segars, &c., together with all Signs, Cases and Fixtures belonging to his store, he agreeing to stay one month and give all the information he can, and guaranteeing the stock and fixtures to invoice thirteen hundred and fifty dollars.

"Woodhull & Claflin's Weekly."—This is a popular paper edited by Mrs. Victoria C. Woodhull and Tennie C. Claflin of New York, and is emphatically a live Woman's Rights paper, and professes to be, and from what we know of it is—"a free paper for a free people, and is a platform upon which the Republican and the Democrat, the Radical and the Conservative, the Christian and the Infidal, the Roman Catholic and the Protestant, the Jew and the Pagan, and the Materialist and the Spiritualist may meet in a common equality and brotherhood, which we believe comes from the fact that God is the Father of them all."

Terms, $4.00 a year.

Beaver Academy, Beaver, Pa.—The spring term of this institution, for the education of young men and boys, will commence on the 13th of March next, under the superintendence of Rev. C. C. Riggs, D. D., an experienced, successful and widely known educator, as Principal; who will be assisted, as occasion may require, by efficient instructors; and, in compliance with the expressed desire of several parents, a juvenile Department, including both males and females, will be inaugurated, to be under the charge of a competent female teacher. Thoroughness in a full Academic course, qualifying pupils for business avocations, for teaching in our Common Schools, or for entrance into any class in College, is assured.

The location of the School is unsurpassed for beauty, ease of access, healthiness and morality. The various railroads passing in sight, and the Ohio river, afford unusual facilities for communication with all parts of the country.

The M. E., U. P., Baptist, Presbyterian Episcopal and Lutheran churches are close at hand, and patrons may easily satisfy their denominational preferences. The moral as well as the mental culture of the pupils will receive assiduous attention.

The year is divided into three terms of fourteen weeks each, leaving July and August for vacation. The spring term this year (1871) will close June 16th.

The fall term will open August 28th. The winter term will open Dec 4th, allowing a vacation of one week at Christmas.

Tuition per term to be paid in advance.

Juvinile Department - - -	$5,00.
Common English Branches -	8,50,
Higher English and Elementary Classical - - - -	10,00.
Advanced Class'l & Mathematical	12,50.
Modern Languages at Professors' prices.	

Good *boarding* in families in the town at reasonable rates. Excellent accommodations have already been engaged by several students at $60 per term, or about $4,25 per week.

The Academy is under the control of a Board of eight Trustees, two of whom are elected in October of each year by the people of the county of Beaver, and they administer their trust under oath. The present Board, to any member of which reference may be had, consists of:

Rev. D. P. Lowary, Beaver, Pa., President; Rev. B. C. Critchlow, New Brighton, Pa.; Rev. J. M. Smith, Beaver, Pa.; Rev. J. Murray, Bridgewater, Pa.; S. Magaw, Esq., New Brighton, Pa.; S. J. Cross, Esq., Rochester, Pa.; H. Hice, Esq., Beaver, Pa.; M. Darragh, Esq., Beaver, Pa. Address the President of the Board, or the Principal. It

Local Option Bill.—As many of our readers are anxious to understand the provisions of the Local Option Bill, which will probably be passed this session of the Legislature, we herewith publish it:

AN ACT to permit the voters at every Ward, Borough and Township in this Commonwealth to vote every three years on the question of granting Licenses to sell Intoxicating Liquors.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted*, &c., That at the next annual municipal election in every ward, borough and township in the Commonwealth, and at the annual municipal election every third year thereafter, in every such ward, borough and township it shall be the duty of the inspectors and judges of election in said wards, boroughs and townships, to receive tickets, either written or printed, from the legal voters of said ward, borough and township, labelled on the outside, "license," and on the inside, "*for license*," or "against license," and to deposit said tickets in a box provided for that purpose by said inspectors and judges, as is required by law in case of other tickets received at said election, and the tickets so received shall be counted and a return of the same made to the clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions of the county in which said wards, boroughs and townships are situated, duly certified as is required by law, which certificates shall be laid before the judges of the said court at the first meeting of said court after such election shall be held, and shall be filed with the other records of said court; and it shall be the duty of the mayors of cities and of the constables of boroughs and townships, or of such other officer whose duty shall be to perform such service, to give due public notice of such special election above provided for, three weeks previous to the time of holding the next annual municipal election in every such ward, borough or township, and also three weeks before the annual municipal election every third year thereafter.

SEC. 2. That in reviewing and counting, and in making returns of the votes cast, the inspectors, judges and clerks of said election shall be governed by the laws of this Commonwealth regulating general elections, and all the penalties of said election laws are hereby extended to and shall apply to the voters, inspectors, judges and clerks voting at and attending the election held under the provisions of this act.

SEC. 3. Wherever, by the returns of election in any ward, borough or township aforesaid, it shall appear that there is a majority against license, it shall not be lawful for any license to issue for the sale of spirituous, vinous, malt or other intoxicating liquors in said ward, borough or township at any time thereafter, until at an election as above provided a majority shall vote in favor of license.

SEC. 4. Any person who shall hereafter be convicted of selling or offering for sale in this Commonwealth any intoxicating liquors, spirituous, vinous or malt, without a license, shall be sentenced to pay a fine of fifty dollars, and confined in the work-house or county jail one year: *Provided*, that it shall not be unlawful for the owners of vineyards to sell, on their own premises, wine of their own manufacture, in quantities not less than one gallon, to be removed and not drank on the premises.

Samuel Hamilton, Esq, formerly a citizen of Darlington, this county, but more recently a resident of New Castle, Lawrence county, died at the latter place some ten days ago. Mr. Hamilton, some years ago, represented this county in the State Legislature. He was an honorable, high-minded man, and was held in high esteem by all who knew him.

A DONATION PARTY.

FROM AN OLD MAID'S DIARY.

EDITOR ARGUS:—As donation parties seem to be common just now in nearly all sections of the country, I will give you a short sketch of one I had the good fortune of attending some years ago. I was spending a part of the winter with an old friend who had married a minister.

They lived in a pretty little white parsonage, in a quiet country village, and surrounded by a wealthy farming community. The good people in that section are more noted for their wealth, than for their liberality, as was evident from the amount of salary they had promised their pastor. Had they paid as they agreed all would have been well; but the year was drawing to a close and nearly half was yet due. My friend's husband was one of those hopeful, cheery sort of men, who can always look forward to the "good time coming;" and borrow enough sunlight from it to gild the present. It took all his strength and cheerfulness just at this time to keep up the usual brightness in the little circle, for my friend Kittie, was a timid, clinging little creature, afraid of her shadow; and more inclined to look on the shady, than the sunny side, and standing in mortal terror of "our people." Just the kind of woman that ought not to be a minister's wife; and just the kind that most frequently is.

One afternoon during this anxious time, a lady called and before leaving informed Kittie in confidence, that the two congregations—Pisgah and the one in the village intended on the following day having a donation party at the parsonage, and before evening six other ladies called all on the same errand, confidentially, as it was to be a surprise. Here was a way out of all pecuniary trials; all deficiencies in the salary would be more than made up in this way, and the two congregations would have a delightful reunion at the minister's.

Now I do not propose giving you a detailed account of the party or guests; indeed as to the latter I have no distinct recollection of any but one, a dapper little widower of eight months' standing, who made his appearance in a shining new hat and kid gloves, and who was known to be in pursuit of Mrs. Smith, number two. He told the parson that he had been pleased with my appearance across the church, and thought I might do; but on a nearer view I looked a little "oldish." "Oldish!" the conceited little wretch, he was not a day under fifty, while I was, well, not over thirty. Moreover I hadn't lived to that age, and had no more sense than to take such a specimen as he. Not I.

The party passed off just as all such parties do. The company was not large; the supper was splendid, and everybody was delighted. So far as the entertainment was concerned the donation party was a decided success. I will give below a list of the "donations" which will show how much the inmates of the parsonage were benefitted, but I will say here that that horrid little widower married a pretty girl of nineteen before the winter was over. Didn't she want a husband!

I will also say that the following is a true copy of the original taken at the time.

Five bushels turnips, three do. potatoes, one peck onions, one pumpkin, two washing tubs of stuffed sausages, one dozen gallon jars of apple butter, ten large loaves of bread, fifteen pies, six large cakes, one glass currant jelly, nine yards calico, one pair white woollen mittens, one pair blue do., one pair striped do.

I will only add as an old maid's opinion that it is a very nice plan when a congregation intends making their pastor a donation, to pay up the salary first. It looks better.

☞ Blank Orders on Treasurer of School Districts, just printed and for sale at this office

Mr. White's Lecture.—The second of the course of lectures, under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association, was delivered in the Methodist Episcopal Church in this place, on last Thursday evening by J. W. F. White, Esq., of Pittsburgh. His subject was the Dark Ages, and his treatment of it gave evidence of much research, and study. Taken all together it was a dark subject treated in a very lucid manner, and could not fail to instruct and interest his audience. This was Mr. White's first appearance as a lecturer, before a Beaver audience, and he evidently left a fine impression, but we must dissent from him in the unqualified declaration that the newspapers and periodicals of to-day are a curse.

WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENCE OF THE ARGUS.

MR. EDITOR:—I was pleasantly surprised by the familiar columns of the ARGUS, for which, many thanks.

It may be interesting to many of your readers to hear of some of the social gayeties of Washington, as you know we take spasms of "saw-ci-ety" here; from New Years Day it increases to a perfect whirl by the time Lent commences, when fashionable as well as religious people take a rest to recruit their wasted energies.

The President's Second Grand Levee took place last evening, the descriptions of which take up a long column in dailies, and by whom it is said to have been "the most brilliant in style the Executive Mansion has seen for many years."

After a rainy week the sun kindly ventured forth yesterday and seemed to actually smile, and was succeeded by a beautiful moonlight night, which favored the people in paying their respects to their President.

On entering the gateway, the broad avenue up to the door was lined and filled with handsome equipages in waiting.

After entering, all were sent to the right; the room for the ladies dressing room is properly known as the State dining-room.

Every foot of space was appropriated by some visitor, and it is needless to say that it was a perfect jam; but when the ladies emerged from their dressing-room to meet their gay chevaliers, prior to entering the red-room, they found, to use Paddy's expressive, if not elegant expression, the crowd to be "twice worse nor before."

Two policemen took possession of the door, and joining hands across its threshhold in order to keep the crowd back, allowed it to pass only at intervals, reminding one of the time when we played at "hoist up the rickets as high as the sky, &c." After moving two inches at a time sometimes backward as well as forward, we finally found ourselves in the blue room and in the presence of Gen. and Mrs. Grant. Were duly presented to the President by Marshall Sharp; were passed on to Gen. Michler, who pronounced our name to Mrs. Grant, who was assisted by many ladies whose position, wit, beauty or fine dressing made them admired by all.

The blue room is at any time a handsome room, but on this occasion it was resplendent. On through the Green Room to the Great East Room was speedily accomplished.

When once there, there was so much to be seen that though one's eyes were opened to their utmost capacity, they were unable to see all unless taking it on a sort of kaleidoscope.

The music given us by the Marine Band was exquisite.

The dressing and beauty is wonderful. Rich silks and satins, trimmed by the most delicate of lace; jewels of rarest setting and brilliancy, produce a sheen gleam with the light until Poe's "Raven" brain is almost in a whirl.

Gen. Grant looks much fleshier than when we last saw him, and preserves the same solid pre-occupied look as of yore.

Mrs. Grant was attired in a straw-colored, moire-antique entraine, low corsage, diamond jewelry.

Among the notables was Mrs. ex-Governor Morgan; a Miss Williams from Baldimore, notable for the wealth of diamonds she displays.

The multitude dispersed about 11 o'clock. All seemed pleased with the evening. A LADY FRIEND.

The Washington *Reporter* says: Our friend Anthony Tripp, of Morris township, Greene county, writes us that recently his hogs were attacked with something like cholera, or putrid sore throat, and out of a lot, containing pieces, he lost seven in the course of two weeks. This is certainly a serious loss, and if any one has a remedy for the complaint, Mr. T. says he would be glad to hear of it.

County Boarders.—There are but four inmates at the county jail at the present time. Considering the time of year, this is a very small number of county boarders.

Legislative Eloquence.—It may be a slander upon the Legislature of Pennsylvania—for which, however, we are not responsible—that the following speech is currently attributed to a member of that august body: "I know what's in, Mr. Speaker; I say it is in relation to that; I know 'em; I have had a heap to do with 'em. They're a useful class, and—and yet with the best of 'em you may have trouble."—*Harper's Weekly.*

Legislative Committee Reports.—On last Monday in the House of Representatives at Harrisburg, Mr. Straub, from the Ways and Means Committee, reported favorably on the request of the Board of Public Charities to withdraw certain papers presented by General Kane. Granted. A bill for detailed reports from charitable institutions, asking State appropriations, was reported favorably.

The bill authorizing the sale of the stocks, bonds, &c., in the State Treasury, to be applied to the extinguishment of the public debt, was reported on negatively.

The bill allowing every ward, borough and township to vote every three years on a prohibitory liquor law was reported favorably.

Mount Washington in Winter.—A dispatch from the summit of Mount Washington, yesterday, says: When on Saturday the thermometer fell to forty degrees below zero, we thought it had reached the lowest point; but it continued to fall until at 3 a. m. Sunday it was fifty-nine degrees below zero. During the night the gusts of wind must have been more than one hundred miles per hour. This is probably the severest weather ever experienced, as the temperature of seventy-six degrees below zero, the lowest on record, when it was comparatively calm, would be no comparison to fifty-nine degrees below zero accompanied by a terrific wind.

Penn'a. Legislature.

SENATE, Jan. 30.—Among the bills introduced was one to refund certain moneys to Thomas McCreary of Beaver county. Also, a bill authorizing cemetery associations to appoint watchmen to arrest all persons violating the laws for the protection and preservation of cemeteries. A supplement relating to divorces, which allows a petition to be presented to the Court in the county where the parties reside, or in the county where the alleged cause occurred, was presented. A bill was introduced to repeal the election laws of 1866. Several members moved to have their counties exempted. The bill was defeated after considerable discussion. A supplement to the liquor law, which authorizes all county courts to receive petitions and remonstrances, and in regard to sale of liquors of all shapes, whether at bars of saloons, stores, distilleries or otherwise.

HOUSE.—There was nothing transpired of general interest, with the exception that Mr. Shurlock is exerting himself to get a steamship bill reported, which provides that the property and bonds of the company shall be forever free from taxation, and grants large powers to the corporation. Some members opposed it on this ground, but the bill will undoubtedly pass, because of its importance of the enterprise to Pennsylvania.

SENATE, Jan. 31.—A resolution was introduced instructing the Apportionment Committee to report a bill into Legislative districts, using the Septennial Census for 1870—as far as received—and the census of 1869 in counties not received, as a basis; all returns received before Feb. 8th, to be deemed part of said basis. The counties not yet reported are Bucks, Cameron, Erie, Forest, Fulton, Lancaster, Luzerne, Schuylkill and Wayne. The resolution was agreed to. Among the bills passed was one to extend the Allegheny Coroner's fee bill to the county of Beaver, and one authorizing the Council of Beaver to levy an additional tax.

HOUSE.—A great many local bills passed the house, but none of interest in this locality. Both Houses convened in joint convention, on Public Printing at 11., and, on motion adjourned for two weeks without transacting any business.

SENATE, Feb. 1.—Mr. Buckalew made a voluminous supplemental report from the Democratic side of the Lyndall-Dechert committee in answer to the Republican minority report. A report was made from committee to restore the franking privilege. Mr. White opposed it, and offered a substitute that the Senate be allowed $1,000, and the House $2,000 for postage stamps—for the coming month—for the use of the members. A bill for an additional Judge in Schuylkill county was passed over the Governor's veto, and went to the House. Mr. Rutan introduced a bill authorizing the School Directors of New Galilee borough, Beaver county, to borrow money for building purposes. The civil code Commissioners made their report. A bill was introduced transferring the duties of the superintendent of soldiers' orphans to the superintendent of common schools.

HOUSE.—A local bill for exempting an Odd Fellows' Hall from taxation gave rise to a general discussion on the principal involved; but the bill finally passed. A resolution for sending the *Legislative Journal* by mail at the expense of the State, was discussed and passed. It will cost the State some $12,000 postage. A resolution was adopted to appoint a joint committee to superintend the printing of wrappers for the *Legislative Journal*; it had cost the State $13,880, in the year 1868; and $12,683, in 1869; which was considered too high, and the committee's duty will be to have the work performed at a lower rate. The committee in the Philadelphia contested Judge case have resolved to report in favor of the present incumbent through default of appearance of contestant. Adjourned.

SENATE, Feb. 2.—The Judiciary Committee reported in favor of abolishing the office of Superintendent of Soldiers' Orphans. The House bill exempting mortgages and other monied securities from taxation, in Beaver county, was taken up and passed. The consideration of the bill to abolish the office of Superintendent of soldiers' orphans was then resumed, and after a lengthy debate, it passed a second reading; after which the Senate, without other interesting action, adjourned.

HOUSE.—The bill for an additional law Judge in Schuylkill county passed over the Governor's veto, and is now a law. The bill providing for a convention to amend the constitution was discussed during the remainder of the day, and was finally made the special order Wednesday evening next. Adjourned.

SENATE, Feb. 3.—A message was received from the Governor nominating I. P. Wickersham Supt. of Soldiers' Orphans, vice, Geo. F. McFarland, resigned. Mr. Wickersham is at present Supt. of Common Schools. The bill to abolish the office of Supt. of Soldiers' Orphans was discussed at length. The bill provides for its consolidation with the office of Supt. of Common Schools, and that officer is to be allowed $1,000 additional salary; at least an amendment to the bill, to that effect was agreed to. The Senate adjourned before final action was had.

SAM B. WILSON, Executor.

HOUSE.—A detailed statement of the cost of public printing, during the years 1868, 1869 and 1870, was called for. The Senate bill incorporating the American Steamship Company, was taken up, discussed and passed finally. Nothing of further interest transpired till adjournment.

RECEIPTS and EXPENDITURES

Of the Treasury of Beaver County, for the Year 1870.

TABLE OF TAXES in the several townships for State and County purposes; amounts received from County Treasurer; amounts received from Collectors; amounts received from Collectors' Levies; and amounts paid to Collectors.

Dr. E. ALLISON, Treasurer of Beaver Co., in Account with the Year 1870. Cr.

To balance from 1869	$11,204 73	By am't pd on gen'l war't to 1870	$ 562 83
" am't rec'd from Treasurer in 1870	60,967 25	do do do 1871	65,967 25
" am't paid from Collectors prior to 1870	7,643 23	" " for Fox scalps	44 50
" " " before Aug 1, 1870	43,154 16	" " road views	226 00
" " " Sept. 1, "	1,762 49	" " pd Jonah Platt for road damages	20 00
" " from Collectors for 1870	19,541 37	" for redempt'n of unsalable lands	48 18
To am't rec'd from Sh'ff Leech, fines, &c.	215 00	" " W. Hicks, Co. Supt. for lan'ds	251 00
do do do Orphans' Co'rt	205 00	" " State Journal, 1st 2 months '70	4,000 00
To am't rec'd by sheriff on account of lands	92 43	" " whisky fines pd N Bright. Sch'l D't'r	200 00
" " from sales of pat'd bridges	12 15	do do do Connoquenessing	100 00
" " " of estrays	37 12	do do do Mad'ngewater do	100 00
" "

SELECT POETRY.

BIBLICAL RIDDLE.

God made Adam out of dust
But thought it best to make me first;
So I was made before life man,
According to God's holy plan.

My body he did make complete,
But without legs or arms or feet;
My ways and actions did control,
And I was made without a soul.

I did my Master's will obey—
From it I never went astray;
Thousands of miles I roamed in fear,
But seldom on the earth appear.

A living creature I became,
And Adam gave to me a name;
Then from his presence I withdrew,
Nor more of Adam ever knew.

But God in me did something pee,
And put a living soul in me;
The soul in me the Lord did claim
And took that soul from me again.

And when from me that soul was fled
I was the same as when first made;
And without arms or feet or soul
I travel now from pole to pole.

I labor hard both day and night,
To fallen man give great delight;
Thousands of people young and old,
Do by my death great light behold.

No fear of death doth trouble me,
And happiness I cannot see;
To heaven above I cannot go,
Up to the grave or hell below.

The Scriptures I can not believe;
If right or wrong I can't conceive;
Although in them my name is found,
It merely has an empty sound.

And when, my friends, these lines you read,
(So search the Bible with all speed,
And if my name you can't find there,
It must be strange, I do declare.

SELECT MISCELLANY.

AS WOMEN WILL.

BY J. BYRON CARSITT.

Idela was very beautiful—no one could dispute that.

And everybody believed that she was as good as she was lovely, and that we will not dispute.

Certainly she was noble by right of birth as well as beauty, for her father was a young son of a very old family, and numbered warriors and king-makers among his successors.

When we know that the lady Idela moved in the first society, and that John Smith was the son of a wealthy dry goods merchant, you will understand that between them there was a great gulf fixed, which the sterling million even which John was heir to was not likely to bridge over. So great was the social distinction that of course they could never have become acquainted under ordinary circumstances.

At this time John was a shy, awkward youth of twenty, and the little aristocrat was four years older. He was starting on the grand tour, and on the same packet she was starting on the same errand, a guest of a wealthy family who had taken a fancy to her.

It is a melancholy comfort to those afflicted with that malady that every rank, age, and station in life, rich and poor, gentle and simple, is alike able to the merciless attacks of sea sickness. John, crossing the water for the first time, suffered as only those who have suffered can understand. It was when he was under the remorseless grips of this monster that Idela profferred a tiny flask of sherry, and cheered his drooping sprits with what he thought the sweetest accent that had ever fallen from mortal lips.

It was some days before they met again, but in course of their journey, isolated as they were from the rest of the world, there grew up, between the two parties, a sort of intimacy, understood to be only conditional and to cease at the end of their wanderings. Love is a cunning teacher who teaches men all things but wisdom, and John Smith was an apt scholar of his just now.

Yes, for he loved the lady Idela.

He loved her with a passion that was not altogether hopeless, but which, while acknowledging its present futility, looked for something to come sometime to break down the barrier between them. His was the quiet intensity of passion which is content to dream of the future rather than to struggle in the present.

This dream soon ended in an abrupt awakening. Lord Vernon, a young English nobleman of high rank in society, and of considerable wealth, joined the party. He had been long looked upon as the probable future husband of Lady Idela, and his present coming was to decide the issue.

From the first Smith looked upon him with aversion. John was a stout built well made man, and would have made a good figure in a heavy cavalry review, but in the drawing room his hands seemed to full of some occupation, and his face was inclined to become red and perspire. At such times Dives hardly envied Lazarus more than John did the cool sallow face of Lord Vernon, alike imperturable in pleasure or disappointment.

John had never hinted to Idela by a word the possibility that he could have dared to raise his eyes so far above their proper range of vision as to permit a hope that she might regard with affection to enter his heart, but to assume that she was ignorant of the fact would be to place her very low down in the scale of feminine intelligence. And I am not certain but, of the two, she would betray herself the most to lookers on, for the cousin, under whose care she was, especially cautioned her to be on her best behaviour when the eligible party should make his appearance, as we have stated he had, with the openly avowed intention to woo and win the pretty little lady.

He could see, very soon, how the land lay. He had not sown his wild oats in vain, nor passed his early life in a forest to be afterward frightened by an owl. Not he. He simply saw that John was in his way, and that he must be got rid of.

A collision soon came.

It was at a small party where masks were worn in the early part of the evening, and she had promised her hand to John Smith for the next set. But, as he was leading her out, Lord Vernon stepped up and insisted that she had been previously engaged to him. She denied the fact, and he retired, merely saying in Smith's ear. "We shall meet again.

The dance, over, it was not long before the rivals met in a quiet part of the garden. Both wore small swords as part of their dress, and they had agreed to cross them without further preliminaries when a dark form rushed between them, and, unvailing the face of Idela, forbade the quarrel going further.

The rivals refused to shake hands but agreed to let the matter drop for the night at least. Stealing up to John, Idela softly said.

"You are a dear old fellow, and wont be angry if I go away with Vernon, please, and pacify him? I am afraid he was right about the engagement for the dance."

And she looked so sweetly that it would have been hard to refuse so simple a request.

The next morning he was surprised to see Vernon enter his room at the hotel, and holding out his hand, he apologized for his action the previous evening, and said.

"I have this morning experienced an amount of happiness that leaves no room in my heart for enmity. As you may not have heard, Lady Idela's father arrived last night. I waited upon him this morning on the business which I do not mind telling you, brought me here. He referred me to his daughter, and she, with considerable hesitation, I must confess, accepted my suit. Our engagement will not generally be made known, however till our return to England."

John Smith did the only thing he could do under the circumstances, and offered his congratulations, but he did it in an absent manner that fully betrayed to the other's keen eye what he was well aware of already, the extent of the love of the young millionaire had cherished for Idela.

The hotel in which the two parties lodged were not far apart, and fronting toward each other.

Late that night, far into the early hours of morning, John Smith sat beside the valise he had packed, gazing intently upon the embers that were fading away, and wondering if the passion now raging in his heart would ever thus die out into cold ashes. It did, he felt that there would not be left in his heart that with which another flame might be kindled. Musing thus he must have fallen asleep. The embers died, and as the room grew cold, he fancied himself upon the sea in an open boat, chilled by the air. The moon seemed shining with unnatural brilliancy, and still thinking of this, he opened his eyes. It was shining still. Surely he had not slept till daylight? And what was that peculiar hissing, crackling sound in the distance? He started to his feet—to the window—the hotel opposite was in a blaze.

He rushed out, and with him others. Some had been in advance of him. The flames were bursting from some of the windows in the front part of the house. He rushed around to the back. A small shed had burned quite away, leaving one heavy rafter, with the flames licking it, resting partly on the outer wall, and the other end against the house, just below a window. At that window, in her white night robes, with still whiter face, stood the lady Idela.

Some men had placed a ladder against the wall of the shed, and Lord Vernon ran up on it. She stretched her hands toward him imploringly, and he took a step on the burning beam, but the smoke and flames forced him back. As he hesitated another dashed wildly past him, and on the fragile bridge that trembled with every step, he rushed above the hall beneath the window at which the beauty stood.

"I knew you would save me, darling," she murmured, as he turned with her to make the perilous journey back."

Her arms clasped his neck with a warmth which was not wholy born of fear, and her lips were pressed to his for the first time. In that instant he knew that she loved him better than all beside, and she realized the full extent of his devotion to her.

They had reached the end of the frail bridge, and a stout man took her from his arms. And she, only saw Lord Vernon, the instant that she was safe, pressing his foot against the burning rafters with such force that Smith went with it into the fiery abyss below.

I can't just tell how they got him out (in such moments there is much done that one cannot afterward remember,) but saved he was, though his leg was broken, and his face scorched beyond recognition.

He did not know the reason why his support had given away at the critical moment, and Idela never told.

Of course, after that, he was months upon bed, and while she remained in Florence she came to see him every day, and sat by his side, and talked to him, and promised that she would love him always, though she should quarrel with all her wealthy relatives for his sake. Lord Vernon had gone away the day after the fire, and left the field to his rival.

John Smith was happy in those days in spite of his wounds and pain, tho' plebeian in origin. He was happy and proud that he had done a deed that proved that he was as plucky as any of his ancestors, and if he had lived in their day, would probably have shown them so, and happy beyond measure in the hope that seemed now almost changed into fruition, the blissful hope that he might successfully aspire to the hand of Idela.

She said little upon the subject of marriage in those days, yet I know that she meant to marry him, let him come out of that room as scarred and crippled as he might. But of course, under the circumstances, she could not prolong her stay in Florence indefinitely on account of his illness. So John received a parting kiss that paid him for all the pain he had experienced, and vows of eternal constancy, and was left alone.

During all this time there had been very little said about Vernon by anybody, and nobody knew the cause of his sudden disappearance but Idela.

They met him at Baden, and for a time they mutually avoided each other. They heard that he was striving to outdo the follies and excess of his younger days, and plunging into dissipation of every kind in the most reckless manner.

She was certainly surprised at his melancholy air; she had not thought to find him so changed. And she would have preferred, for her own peace of mind, that his first words should have been, as they were:

"Forgive me!"

However she recovered her self-possession to some extent, and replied.

"I might have nothing to forgive, but for your cowardice."

"I would have come to you the next instant," said he. "I was not afraid. Do you believe it?"

Certainly she believed it, and she told him so; and so do we. He was not a physical coward, but as she knew, he had met a stronger gust of flame and smoke than any which followed, and a burning shingle had struck him in the face before he stepped back. But it was not that he meant. She told him that the cowardice of which she spoke, was pushing Smith into the flames.

"You are right," said he; "but you cannot imagine how sorely I was tempted, or how I have cursed myself for the act since. My punishment may be just, but my God Idela, I cannot bear it. I go to despair."

And so the dreaded interview ended.

The lady Idela was going home at last, to London, where her brave preserver was, to see him almost restored again to health and strength, with all his former manly beauty, as they told, unimpaired. Yet, strangely enough, she no longer felt the interest in him that she did immediately after the accident.

For when she would strive to be true to his memory, and grateful for the service he had rendered her, there would come up ever between her and her mind, the sallow, reckless face that she had seen at Baden; which, with all its marks of sin and dissipation, and passions unrestrained, still bore the traces of an ineffacable devotion to her memory. And that was the face she saw again in Paris, only there he didn't plead as before, but only said, in a voice that tried to be calm:

"Have you forgiven me?"

And looking at that face she saw on it the traces of tears, and a drop steal down one cheek. Her own eye softened, she laid a hand upon his arm. He took the ring from his little finger, the one that she knew was to have been the sign of their betrothal before, and said, recklessly and hoarsely:

"May I put it on your hand?"

She did not refuse, but he was to desperate to say more, and stood silently until at length she held her hand to him.

And so she married the scoundrel—as women will.

—A couple of boarding house beats man and woman, recently swindled a Newark lady out of four months hash, by representing that a rich uncle had died, and they would pay as soon as his estate was settled. The woman flirted with the landlady's spoony cub, and left him the following note the night they lit out:

Dearest F——: Let us not part in anger. We will never meet again; but still I love thee. Think of me in thy dreams poor boy, and forgive my "man's" lies, when I tell you he has never had but one uncle, and he was a barber. Farewell, forever.

—A family living in Detroit have a baby which is the wonder of the neighborhood. It is a month old, about six inches long, weighs one pound and two ounces, and has never cried since it was born. Some idea can be formed of its diminutive size, by the fact that its legs are no larger around than a man's forefinger. If this prodigy of a baby lives to become of age, it will rival Tom Thumb and Commodore Nutt in littleness.

SOCIETY AT WASHINGTON.

A Washington correspondent gives an insight into society there, that will be found interesting. It is curious to see the stack of cards on the marble slab in the entrance hall of the house of Mrs. Secretary Fish on a bright day in the heighth of the season. It is curious when seen once or twice, but when this mountain of pasteboard has been observed many times, it ceases to be curious and becomes appalling. For, O, it means work!—tedious, and two often thankless work. Every card is a bond whose obligations rests upon the holder, and the time for the discharge of which is limited by certain fixed laws of social etiquette. From three to thirty days is the limit.

A distinguished personage whose husband's or father's rank in the political world calls for special consideration, expects a call to be returned within a week. The merest idler at the capital, whose claims upon the time and temper of a Secretary's wife have no shadow of foundation, will be grossly insulted, should her card not receive a response within a month. A lady of prominence in Washington said, last year, she thought, among other charitable aid societies, should be one for the "Relief of the Overworked Women of the Cabinet." Five hundred calls are received each week, while the season is in its glory, but most of these ladies. There are really but four days of the week when they can visit. One day they receive; another day Mrs. Grant receives; and it is usual for them to appear at each of her receptions, either as her assistants or as her visitors. There are about five hours in a day during which calls can be made. With the utmost expedition used, it is scarcely possible to make more than twenty calls in an afternoon,—or twenty five, perhaps, if one has good luck (!), and no one is at home. In four days one hundred obligations might be discharged; but what becomes of the other four hundred debtors impatient for a nod of recognition from the powers that be?

Next week another five hundred come, at least half of whom have never called before, and deeper and deeper in debt is the hospitable hostess plunged. She has other social duties, too, besides giving card for card. Dinners given and dinners eaten fill up the hours between twilight and nine o'clock, and from one to three evening parties are to be attended before bedtime. Last winter the Secretary of State, and his wife gave each week a day reception, an evening reception, and one or two dinners besides being present at numerous entertainments given at other houses. There is no provision made by act of Congress or other known legislative body for forcing such duties upon the wives of the officers of the government, but custom decided the matter long ago. The wives of the Secretaries have the worst of it because they receive more calls than any other ladies.

Soldier's Land.

Gen. Allen has offered the following joint resolution in the State Senate, which will undoubtedly pass:

Whereas, A bill has been presented and is now pending in Congress, giving to each soldier, widow, or orphans of soldiers who served in the late war the right to locate and perfect title to 160 acres of Government land without occupancy; therefore,

Resolved, By the Senate and House of Representatives, that Congress are hereby requested and instructed to make a united effort to secure the passage of the bill now pending, to give to soldiers who served in the late war the right to locate and perfect titles to lands of the Government without occupancy; and that a copy of this resolution shall be forwarded by the Clerk of the Senate to each of our representatives in Congress, and also to Gen. John A. Logan, M. C.

Mr. Allen said that in presenting the resolution he didit in deference to what he believed to be the feeling of the people of Pennsylvania, and also of this Government in regard to the soldiers. This disposition has been to favor the soldier on account of the duty he has performed in serving his country. We all know that there are many deserving soldiers, widows of soldiers and soldiers' orphans in very limited circumstances, who cannot be benefitted by the act giving them a title to government lands after an occupancy of five years.

He believed that by giving them the right to locate and perfect the title to Government lands without occupancy, we are extending to soldiers that which was intended they should receive by the Government for their services. He anticipated no opposition to the resolution, as he believed it to be the sentiment of the Government and of the people of Pennsylvania that the soldier should be benefited in the manner indicated.

The resolution was then referred to a Committee on Federal Relations.

—Major Lawrence Taliffero died at his residence in Bedford, Pa., on Saturday at the advanced age of eighty years. He was born in Virginia in 1790, and served in the war of 1812. He was Indian agent at Fort Snelling for twenty years, and was military storekeeper in Pittsburgh from 1856 to 1861. Soon after the war broke out he was placed on the retired list, and had since resided at his home in Bedford.

A man in Schuylkill county got married a few weeks ago, and was visited by a party of Calathumpian serenaders, who demanded five dollars. He refused to give the money, but offered them wine and cake. This they wouldn't have, and they gave him a concert of unearthly sounds. Not content with this, they returned five nights in succession, keeping up the horrid din for several hours on each occasion. The newly made Benedict finally got tired of this, and had twenty-two of them arrested on a charge of riot.

Miscellaneous.

BUYERS, LOOK HERE.

It may not be a matter of special interest to the people of Beaver county to know what is transpiring between King William, Napoleon III, Bismark and Trochu in Europe, but it is a matter that effects them materially to know where they can buy fine and cheap GROCERIES.

S. SNITGER & Co.

At their old stand in Beaver, Pa., are still furnishing to their customers everything called for in their line. They always keep a full assortment of

GROCERIES.

Flour, Feed, Coffees, Teas, Sugars, Spices,

Tobacco and Cigars;

And all other articles usually found in a First Class

GROCERY STORE.

From their long and intimate acquaintance with the Grocery, Flour and Feed business, and their disposition to render satisfaction to those who may favor them with their patronage, they hope in the future, as in the past, to obtain a liberal share of the public patronage.

Give us a Call

and see if we do not make it to your interest to call again.

jan25. S. SNITGER & CO.

House and Three Acres of Ground For Sale.—The undersigned offers his house and three acres of ground, in Beaver, for sale. The house is on the corner of Fifth street and Spring alley. It is a two story brick dwelling and contains eight rooms, a spring of water in the basement. The lot is enclosed and on it are some fruit trees grafted. Terms moderate. For further particulars enquire on the premises.

JOHN S. VEDER.

P. S. If the above property is not sold by the first of March it will then be for rent.

J. S. V.

G. S. BARKER. F. A. MAHER. C. A. BARKER.

G. S. BARKER & Co., *N o Brighton, Pa.*

AND

G. S. BARKER & Co., *Beaver Falls, Pa.*

BANKERS,

Dealers in Exchange, Coin, Coupons, &c., &c. Collections made on all accessible points in the United States and Canada. Accounts of Merchants, Manufacturers, and Individuals, solicited.

Interest allowed on time deposites. Correspondence will receive prompt attention. [dec21:1y

Miscellaneous.

Dissolution of Partnership.—The firm of Schiff & Steinfeld has been dissolved from this day by mutual consent. All those knowing themselves indebted to the above firm will settle their accounts by the last of December with M. Schiff or he will be forced to give the bills for collection

M. SCHIFF
M. STEINFELD.

Referring to the above, I beg to announce to the public of Beaver county that I will carry on, on my own account, the Dry Goods business at the old stand; and, can assure every one that the will be *the* place to get bargains, as heretofore, in Dry Goods, Trimmings, Notions, &c. M. SCHIFF.

jan18,1871:tf

The undersigned will continue the Ready-Made Clothing and Merchant Tailoring business, as heretofore kept under the firm of Schiff & Steinfeld, on his own account; and, for the purpose of making room for the Spring Goods he offers, for sixty days, his entire stock of Clothing at cost. At the same time he informs the public that the ex-partner, Casper Cutter, W. A. Barr, has again charge of the Merchant Tailoring Department, where he will be happy to see his old friends.

M. STEINFELD.

jan16,'71:tf

FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers for sale his late residence in the borough of Bridgewater, Beaver county, Pa. Consisting of

One Two-Story Brick House

with Dining room and Kitchen attached; a good Cistern at the Kitchen door; Frame Stable, Ice Cool House; Lumber-room and Chicken House; a Garden in a high state of cultivation, with Apple, Peach, Plum and Pear Trees; small fruit, such as Gooseberries, Currents and Raspberries; a Flower Garden and Summer House with one acre of ground more or less. The above will be sold at a great bargain, and possession given on the first of April next. For terms apply to the subscriber at New Brighton, or Scudder H. Darragh near the premises.

HIRAM STOWE.

jan4:tf.

J. S. ANDERSON, having taken hold of his old Foundry again, in Rochester, Pa., will be pleased to meet his old customers and friends who may want either the BEST COOKING STOVE, Heating Stove, or any other kind of Castings of best material and workmanship. The business will be conducted by

J. J. ANDERSON & SONS.

jan4:tf

SAM'L MASON & SONS,

NEW BRIGHTON CUTLERY WORKS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

BUTCHER,
CARVER,
BREAD &
COOK'S KNIVES,

&c., &c., &c.

Special attention is given to the

Hardening & Tempering of the Blades,

and we feel and know ourselves to be competent to make the very best, as we employ none but experienced workmen, and use the best of steel.

Samuel Mason has now been in the business forty years, and his Sons are all practical workmen. We are also manufacturers of

POCKET-KNIVES,
PEN-KNIVES,
PRUNERS' KNIVES,
PENCIL KNIVES,

Made from S. & C. Wardlow's Refined English Steel, and *Every Blade Warranted.*

Special attention is called to our stock of—

Razors,
Pocket Scissors,
Ladies' Scissors,
Bankers' Scissors,
Barbers' Scissors, &c.

All orders will be promptly filled and shipped as advised.

Price List furnished on application.

OFFICE AND WORKS
NEW BRIGHTON, Pa.

sept13:ly:oct18ch;dec7ch

Coal, Coal.

THE undersigned is now engaged in the COAL BUSINESS, and will supply parties with a first rate article of Pittsburg coal at 11½ cents per bushel. Orders left at Joseph Mitchell's, Orr & Cooper's, or at the Banking House of Thomas McCreery & Co., in Beaver, will receive prompt attention. [nov16:tf]

S. R. MITCHELL.

Winter, Winter! Cold and Icy!

Clothing, Clothing! Warm and heavy.

As Regular as the Seasons Change, so must we change our Light Garments for

Heavy Garments.

As the Mechanic and the Laborer go to their daily labor, and the Professional and business man to their offices or places of business, these cold and chilly mornings, the thought enters their mind—

WHERE SHALL WE BUY

Our Winter Clothing?

To the man who buys his goods ready made, we would say: Go to

S. & J. SNELLENBURG'S,

Because they have a Cutter,

And Tailors second to none in Beaver Co.; KEEP A CHOICE STOCK OF

Piece Goods From Which to Select;

AND THEIR MOTTO IS

"NO FIT, NO PAY."

REMEMBER,

BROADWAY, NEW BRIGHTON.

Sep14:nov26chd;1y

The Cheapest Wholesale

BOOT & SHOE HOUSE

IN PITTSBURGH.

Joseph H. Boriand,

53 & 55 Wood Street,

Manufacturer, Wholesale & Commission Dealer in

BOOTS, SHOES & RUBBERS,

At New York and Boston Prices.

Agent for Philadelphia city made goods at Manufacturers prices. Orders from country dealers promptly filled and satisfaction warranted. Fresh goods daily. [sep14:ly

JOHN V. M'DONALD
GEO. C. SPEYERER.
W. J. SPEYERER.
H. J. SPEYERER, Cash'r.

SPEYERER & McDONALD.

BANKERS,

Water St., Rochester,

Interest paid on Time Deposits. Collections promptly attended to.

Government Coupons Bought on Favorable Terms. Correspondence Solicited. [nov16;1y.

Medicinal.

WARNER'S

PILE REMEDY.

Warner's Pile Remedy has never failed (not even in one case) to cure the very worst cases of Blind, Itching or Bleeding Piles. Those who are afflicted should immediately call on their druggist and get it for it will, with the first application, instantly afford complete relief, and the few following applications are only required to effect a permanent cure without any trouble or inconvenience in its use.

WARNER'S PILE REMEDY is expressly for the Piles, and is not recommended to cure any other disease. It has cured many cases of over thirty years' standing. Price One Dollar. For sale by druggists every where.

No More

WEAK NERVES.

Warner's Dyspepsia Tonic is prepared expressly for Dyspeptics and those suffering with habitual Costiveness. There are very few who have not employed physicians for years for remedy what this preparation will do in a few weeks, by strengthening the nerves, increasing the circulation, restoring digestion, giving strength mentally and physically, enabling those who may have been confined for years to their rooms as invalids to again resume their occupations and all the duties of Life. One trial is all we ask to enable this remedy to recommend itself to the most skeptical. It is a slightly stimulating tonic and a splendid appetizer; it strengthens the stomach and restores the digestive organs to their healthy state. Weak, nervous and dyspeptic persons should use *Warner's Dyspepsia Tonic.* For sale by druggists.—Price One Dollar.

COUGH no MORE

Warner's Cough Balsam is healing, softening and expectorating. The extraordinary power it possesses in immediately relieving and eventually curing, the most obstinate cases of Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Influenza, Catarrh, Hoarseness, Asthma and Consumption is almost incredible. So prompt is the relief and certain its effects in all the above cases, or any affection of the throat and lungs, that thousands of physicians are daily prescribing it, and one and all say that it is the most healing and expectorating medicine ever known. One dose always affords relief, and in most cases one bottle effects a cure. Sold by druggists, in large bottles. Price One Dollar. If it is your own fault if you still cough and suffer. The Balsam will cure.

WINE OF LIFE.

The Great Blood Purifier and Delicious Drink; **Warner's Vinum Vitæ, or Wine of Life,** is free from any poisonous drugs or liquorifics, being prepared for those who require a stimulant. It is a splendid appetizer and tonic, and the finest thing in the world for purifying the blood. It is the most pleasant and delicious article ever offered to the public; far superior to brandy, whisky, wine, bitters, or any other article. It is more healthy, and checks the sinful taste and female, young or old, can take the Wine of Life. It is, in fact, a life preserver. Those who wish to enjoy good health and a free flow of lively spirits, will do well to try the Wine of Life. It is different from anything ever before in use. It is sold by druggists. Price One Dollar, in quart bottles.

EMMENAGOGUE.

Warner's Emmenagogue is the only article known to cure the Whites, (it will cure in every case.) Where is the family in which this important medicine is not wanted? Mothers, this is the greatest blessing ever offered you, and you should immediately procure it. It is also a cure for Female Irregularities, and may be depended upon in every case where the monthly flow has been obstructed through cold or disease. Sold by druggists. Price One Dollar.

Sold by all Druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of One Dollar and a Quarter. Address—

Warner's Emmenagogue is prepared by H. H. WARNER & CO., Rochester, N. Y.

For sale by S. C. HANNON, Rochester; BARNES & BRO., Bridgewater, and HUGO ANDRIESSEN, Beaver, Pa.: jy6:ly:oct19ch jan18;'71

Dry Goods.

Reduced Prices!

Speyerer & Sons

Have just returned from the East

WITH A LARGE STOCK OF GOODS,

Bought at the

Lowest Cash Prices,

And will sell some Goods

AS LOW AS BEFORE THE WAR!

Consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, Provisions, Hardware, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, Rope, Oeum, Packing Yarn, Iron, Nails, Paints, White Lead, Oil, Putty, Queensware, Willow-ware, Flour, Feed, Grain and Bacon, a variety of Prints, Muslins, Tickings, Delains, Checks, Alpacas, Jeans, Dimms, Crash and Hosiery; also, Teas, Coffees, Sugars, Syrups, Molasses, Carbon Oil,

200 *bbls. of the Celebrated Canton City* AND NEW CREEK FLOUR,

Just arrived and for sale, Wholesale and Retail,

At Pittsburg Prices.

200 Kegs Wheeling Nails:

ONE CAR WHITE LIME;

Land Plaster, and Akron Cement;

A Large Stock of

White Lead and Paints.

A very superior quality of Strumz & Wetzel's Soaps; and a lot of Carbon Oil

Just Arrived and for sale, Wholesale and Retail.

ALSO, PURE CATAWBA, ISABELLA

—and—

Concord Wines,

Of our own vintage, for Medicinal and Sacramental Purposes, are highly Recommended by those who have used them.

They are also Agents for the

KNIFFEN MOWER AND REAPER,

And Pitt. Nat. Plow Co's. Plows.

Thanking the Public for their past patronage, we hope to merit a liberal share in the future.

All Goods Delivered Free of Charge.

You can rely on all goods being fresh, as all our old goods were sold at auction.

SPEYERER & SONS,

apr13:tc

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OF THE

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may11:tf

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Jan. 25:2m. Centre Co., Pa.

Notice in Partition.

IN the Orphans' Court of Allegheny County, Pa. No. 4, June Term, 1870. In the matter of the Estate of Frederick Wendt, dec'd. Writ of Partition. To Dominick O. Cunningham, Joseph D. Collingwood, Nancy Wendt, James Wendt, Infant Wendt, now intermarried with William Robertson; Frederick Wendt, a minor, and who has no Guardian, Maria Wendt, now intermarried with John W. Patterson, who is now deceased; Christian L. Wendt, James P. Wilson, Charles F. Williams, John H. Williams, Mary Williams, now intermarried with Henry E. Marshall; John Vance, Mary Ann Jones, widow, now intermarried with Wm. H. Jacoby; Nancy W. Sullivan, now intermarried with John Sullivan; Wilson Evans; W. Sullivan